ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO PRIMO

GEORGII III. REGIS.

CAP. CXIX.

An Act for repealing Two Acts made in the Forty-second and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surrey* as lie in and near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; to continue in force until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament. [1st *July* 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing Two Acts, made in the Thirty second and Thirty-sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of* Middlesex *and* Surrey *as lie in and near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies, and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof, and for increasing the Salaries of the Justices at the* Thames *Police Office, until the First Day of* June *One thousand eight hundred and seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament;* which was to continue in force until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of 42G.3. c.76.

of Parliament; which, by another Act, made in the Forty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, was continued until the Firſt Day of *June* One thouſand eight hundred and ten, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the ſaid Acts ſhould be repealed, and more effectual Proviſions made in lieu thereof: May it therefore pleaſe Your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Acts ſhall from and after the paſſing of this Act be and the ſame are hereby repealed.

Former Acts repealed.

The Seven Public Offices now eſtabliſhed, and the Juſtices acting therein, ſhall be continued.

II. And be it enacted, That the ſeveral Public Offices now eſtabliſhed in the following Places, namely, the Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret Weſtminſter*, *Saint James Weſtminſter*, *Saint James Clerkenwell*, *Saint Leonard Shoreditch*, *Saint Mary Whitechapel*, and *Saint Paul Shadwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and at or near *Saint Margaret's Hill* in the Borough of *Southwark* in the County of *Surrey*, ſhall be continued, and the ſeveral Perſons appointed by His Majeſty to execute the Office of Juſtice of the Peace at each of the ſaid Offices, by virtue of the ſaid Act, ſhall continue to execute the ſame, together with ſuch other Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Counties reſpectively as may think proper to attend.

His Majeſty may appoint Juſtices to fill up Vacancies.

III. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for His Majeſty, from Time to Time, upon any Vacancy in any of the ſaid Offices, by Death or otherwiſe, to appoint other fit and proper Perſons, being Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey* reſpectively, to execute the Duties of the ſaid Office in his Place; and that One or more of the ſaid Juſtices ſo appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall diligently attend at each of the ſaid Publick Offices every Day from Ten of the Clock in the Morning until Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and at ſuch other Times and Places as ſhall be found neceſſary; and that Two of the ſaid Juſtices ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid ſhall in like Manner attend together at each of the ſaid Offices from Twelve of the Clock at Noon until Three in the Afternoon, and from Six of the Clock in the Evening until Eight of the Clock in the Evening of every Day: Provided always, that the Attendance of One of the ſaid Juſtices may be ſupplied during the Hours at which the Attendance of Two is required as aforeſaid, by any other Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey* reſpectively.

No Juſtice ſhall take Fees but at the Public Offices.

IV. And be it enacted, That no Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, County of *Surrey*, City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of the *Tower of London*, or his or their Clerk or Clerks, or any Perſon for them, other than at the ſaid Publick Offices, ſhall directly or indirectly, upon any Pretence or under any Colour whatever, take or receive any Fee, Gratuity, Reward or Recompence, for any Act by him or them done or to be done in the Execution of his or their Office or Employ as Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, Clerk or Clerks as aforeſaid, within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary-le-bone*, *Paddington*, *Saint Pancras*, *Kenſington*, and *Saint Luke* at *Chelſea*, in the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of One

One hundred Pounds for every such Offence; to be recovered, one Moiety thereof to the Receiver appointed in the Manner herein-after mentioned, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, and the other Moiety thereof with full Costs of Suit to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by Action of Debt, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to any Fees taken at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Meeting of Justices for the Purpose of licensing Alehouses, pursuant to an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His late Majesty, King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Manner of licensing Alehouses in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for the more easy convicting Persons selling Ale and other Liquors without Licence*, or to any Fees taken at a certain Public Office within the Liberty of *Westminster*, known by the Name of *The Public Office in Bow Street*; or to any Fees taken by any Vestry Clerk or his Assistant, as Clerk to any Justice or Justices of the Peace acting within the Parish in which such Justice or Justices reside, for the Purpose of enforcing the Payment of any Taxes or Assessments arising within the same Parish, or for the Purpose of hearing and determining any Offence cognizable before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, by virtue of any Statute made and provided for the Special Regulation or Government of such Parish.

Not to extend to Fees for licensing Alehouses, or to Fees taken at the Office in Bow Street.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices so appointed to attend at the said Seven Public Offices as aforesaid, and their Clerks respectively, shall, in Books to be provided for that Purpose, keep a full, true and particular Account of all the Fees taken and received at each of the said Offices, together with all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall have been recovered, levied or received, in pursuance of any Adjudication, Conviction or Order had or made, at any of the said Seven Public Offices, or any Process or Warrant issuing from the same; to which said Books and Accounts, the Receiver to be appointed in Manner herein-after mentioned shall at all Times have free Access; and the said Justices shall once in every Month deliver unto such Receiver, such Account, verified upon Oath by such Justice or Justices, their Clerk or Clerks, and such other Person or Persons as shall be employed in keeping such Accounts respectively, or any Part thereof, before some Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Middlesex* or County of *Surrey*, as the Case may be; which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and shall pay and cause to be paid the Amount of all such Fees unto such Receiver to be applied in Manner hereinafter mentioned, any Law, Statute, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Account of Fees taken at the Seven Offices, shall be delivered monthly to the Receiver, and the Amount of Fees paid to him.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all such Penalties and Forfeitures, and Shares of Penalties and Forfeitures as are or shall be limited and made payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or to any Description of Persons, other than the Informer or Informers who shall sue for the same, or any Party aggrieved, and which shall be recoverable in a summary Way before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, and which shall be recovered or adjudged before any Justice or Justices of the Peace at either of the said Seven Public Offices, shall be accounted for and paid into the Hands of the Receiver, to be appointed in Manner herein-after mentioned, by the

All Penalties (except to Informers or Parties aggrieved) recovered at the Public Offices, shall be paid to the Receiver.

Juſtice, Clerk, Conſtable, Officer, or other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall levy or receive the ſame; to be applied by ſuch Receiver in Manner herein-after mentioned, any Law, Statute, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

If Fees are not accounted for, the Receiver may ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the ſaid Juſtices appointed as aforeſaid, or any other Perſon having received any ſuch Fees at any of the ſaid Seven Public Offices, ſhall neglect to account for and pay the ſame in Manner aforeſaid; or if any Juſtice, Juſtices Clerk, Conſtable, Officer, or other Perſon, who ſhall levy or receive ſuch Penalties or Forfeitures, or Shares of Penalties or Forfeitures, ſhall neglect to pay the ſame into the Hands of ſuch Receiver in Manner aforeſaid; or if any Perſon having reſigned ſuch Office of Receiver, or having been removed from the ſame, ſhall neglect, within Twenty-one Days after Notice for that Purpoſe, to account for and pay into the Hands of the ſucceeding Receiver all ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall remain in his Hands applicable to the Purpoſes of this Act, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Receiver for the Time being in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Deſcription of Office, to ſue for and recover the ſame, with Double Coſts of Suit, in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action of Debt or on the Caſe; in which Action it ſhall be ſufficient for ſuch Receiver to declare as for Money had and received to the Uſe of ſuch Receiver for the Purpoſes of this Act; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action may, at the Diſcretion of any Judge of ſuch Court, be held to ſpecial Bail, in ſuch competent Sum as ſuch Judge ſhall order and direct; and in any ſuch Action againſt any ſuch Perſon ſo liable to account as aforeſaid, the ſaid Court in which ſuch Action ſhall be brought, may, if ſuch Court ſhall think proper at the Inſtance of either of the Parties, refer the Account in Diſpute, in a ſummary Manner, to be audited by any Officer of the ſaid Court, or other fit Perſon at their Diſcretion, who may examine both Plaintiff and Defendant upon Oath (which Oath the ſaid Perſon ſhall have Power to adminiſter), and upon the Report of ſuch Referee, unleſs either of the Parties ſhall ſhew good Cauſe to the contrary, ſuch Court may make ſuch a Rule or Order, either for the Payment of ſuch Sum as upon ſuch Report ſhall appear to be due, or for ſtaying the Proceedings in ſuch Cauſe, and upon ſuch Terms and Conditions as to the ſame Court ſhall appear reaſonable and juſt; or the ſaid Court may order Judgement to be entered up by Confeſſion for ſuch Sum as upon ſuch Report ſhall appear to be due.

Receiver may ſue for Money in Hands of deceaſed Receivers, and recover from Executors.

VIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That in caſe of the Death of any Receiver continued or appointed by virtue of this Act, or of any Perſon having reſigned or been removed from ſuch Office, or of any of the other Perſons whom the ſaid Receiver for the Time being is authorized to ſue as aforeſaid, then and in ſuch Caſe the Receiver for the Time being may in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Deſcription of Office, ſue for and recover ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall have been remaining in the Hands of ſuch deceaſed Receiver or other Perſon, applicable to the Purpoſes of this Act, or the Executors or Adminiſtrators of ſuch Perſon deceaſed; in which Action it ſhall be ſufficient for the Plaintiff in Subſtance to ſtate that the Deceaſed was indebted to the Plaintiff for Money had and received for the Purpoſes of this Act, or that the Deceaſed died poſſeſſed of Money had and received for the Purpoſes of this Act, whereby an Action accrued to the Plaintiff to demand and have the

the ſame of ſuch Executors or Adminiſtrators; and the like Action ſhall and may be brought againſt any Executors or Adminiſtrators of Executors or Adminiſtrators; in all which Actions, the Defendant or Defendants may plead in like Manner and avail themſelves of the like Matters in their Defence, as in any Action founded upon Simple Contracts of the original Teſta or or Inteſtate; and in all Actions to be brought by ſuch Receiver by virtue of this Act, Proof of the Plaintiff's acting in the Execution of ſuch Office ſhall be ſufficient Evidence of his holding the ſame, unleſs the contrary can be ſhewn in Evidence by the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action.

His Majeſty in Council may order Salaries to the Juſtices.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, to direct the Salaries herein-after mentioned, to be paid to the Juſtices ſo appointed to attend each of the ſaid Seven Public Offices, for their Time and Trouble, and ſuch further Sums for the Expences of the ſaid Offices, and for the Payment of Clerks, Peace Officers, and others therein employed, in ſuch Manner as to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, ſhall ſeem meet: Provided always, that the yearly Salary paid to each of the Juſtices ſhall be Five hundred Pounds, clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatever; provided alſo, that the whole Charges attending the ſaid Offices (the ſaid Salaries being included) ſhall not exceed the annual Sum of Twenty-one thouſand Pounds, over and above the neceſſary Diſburſements for hiring and repairing the Houſes or Buildings wherein the ſaid Seven Public Offices ſhall be held.

Receiver to be continued in Office, and in caſe of Death, His Majeſty may appoint another.

His Duty.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver appointed by virtue of the Act hereinbefore recited and repealed, may be continued in his ſaid Office it ſhall and may be lawful for Hi Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, upon any Vacancy in the ſaid Office of Receiver by Death or otherwiſe, to appoint any other proper Perſon, not being One of the Juſtices appointed to act at either of the Offices aforeſaid, to be the Receiver of the ſaid Seven Public Offices; which ſaid Receiver, or the Receiver now appointed under and by virtue of the hereinbefore recited Act, ſhall keep an exact and particular Account of all ſuch Monies as ſhall be received by him by virtue of any Proviſions of this Act, and ſhall apply the ſame Quarterly in Diſcharge of the Salaries, Expences and Charges attending the ſaid Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution, and ſhall make all ſuch Contracts and Diſburſements as ſhall be neceſſary for the hiring, fitting up and furniſhing proper and ſufficient Houſes or Buildings, wherein the ſaid Seven Public Offices ſhall be held, in ſuch Manner as His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice and Conſent of his or their Privy Council, ſhall think proper to direct and appoint; of which ſaid Premiſes ſo to be hired, and the Fixtures and Furniture thereof, and of all other Neceſſaries to be purchaſed for the Purpoſes of this Act, the Property or Intereſt ſo acquired therein ſhall be veſted in the Receiver for the Time being, who ſhall and may in like Manner ſell, aſſign and diſpoſe of the ſame or any Part thereof, under the like Directions and Appointment as Occaſion ſhall require; and ſuch Receiver ſhall forthwith after his Appointment, prepare proper Plans and Eſtimates of all ſuch Contracts and Diſburſements as ſhall be neceſſary for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, and ſhall deliver the ſame to His Majeſty's

Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; and such Receiver shall further do and execute all such other lawful Matters and Things towards the Establishment of the said Seven Public Offices, and towards the carrying this Act into Execution, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall from Time to Time think proper to direct.

Receiver to render Accounts.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Receiver shall every Six Months, and oftener if required, deliver to the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, a full and particular Account of all Monies by him received and paid as aforesaid, with Vouchers for the same; which Account shall be verified upon Oath before any Justice or Baron of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; and such Receiver, for his Care and Pains in the Execution of such Office, shall and may retain to his own Use, out of the Monies so received by him as aforesaid, such Sum, not exceeding Four hundred Pounds in each Year, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of His or their Privy Council, shall direct and appoint: Provided always, that if it shall appear that the Monies hereinbefore directed to be applied by the said Receiver, in discharge of the Salaries, Expences, and Charges attending the said Seven Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to defray the same, the Deficiency shall be made up and supplied out of the Consolidated Fund; and if at the End of any Year there shall be any Surplus in the Hands of such Receiver, he shall pay the Amount of such Surplus into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and the same shall be carried to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund.

Allowance to the Receiver.

Providing for Deficiencies.

His Majesty in Council may alter the Situation of the Offices.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of His or their Privy Council, to make such Alterations in the Places where any of the said Seven Public Offices shall be situated, or to make such Alterations in the Hours of Attendance therein, and to make all such other Regulations to be observed in conducting the same, as he or they from Time to Time shall think proper.

Acts directed to be done by a Justice near the Place where an Offence is committed, may be done by a Justice acting in the next Public Office.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where by any Law now in being or hereafter to be made, any Act is directed or authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace residing in or near or next the Parish or Place where any Offence, or other Matter cognizable before them shall be committed, or shall arise, the same Jurisdiction shall and may be exercised by a Justice or Justices acting in such of the said Seven Public Offices as may be situated next or near such Parish or Place.

Justices appointed incapable of sitting in Parliament.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That no Justices of the Peace appointed as aforesaid shall, during the Continuance in such Appointment, be capable of being elected or of sitting as Members of the House of Commons.

Not to vote at any Election.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Justice, Receiver or Constable, nominated and appointed as aforesaid by virtue of this Act shall, during the Time he or they shall continue in their respective Offices, or within

Six Months after he or they ſhall have quitted the ſame, be capable of giving his Vote for the Election of a Member to ſerve in Parliament for the Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or for the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the Borough of *Southwark* reſpectively; nor ſhall by Word, Meſſage, Writing, or in any other Manner, endeavour to perſuade any Elector to give, or to diſſuade any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Perſon to be a Member to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Counties or for the ſaid City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Borough of *Southwark*; and every ſuch Juſtice, Receiver or Conſtable as aforeſaid, offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; to be recovered by any Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance ſhall be allowed; ſuch Action to be brought within the Space of One Year after ſuch Offence ſo committed: Provided nevertheleſs, that nothing in this Act ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend to ſubject any ſuch Juſtice, Receiver or Conſtable as aforeſaid, to any Penalty or Penalties for any Act or Acts done by him or them, at or concerning any of the ſaid Elections, in the Diſcharge of his or their Duty or Duties in their ſaid reſpective Capacities.

Juſtices to employ Conſtables.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtices appointed as aforeſaid ſhall in their reſpective Offices retain and employ a ſufficient Number of fit and able Men, whom they are hereby authorized and empowered to ſwear in to act as Conſtables, for preſerving the Peace and preventing Robberies and other Felonies, and apprehending Offenders againſt the Peace within the ſaid Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey* reſpectively, as well by Night as by Day; which ſaid Conſtables ſo appointed and ſworn as aforeſaid, ſhall have all ſuch Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Conſtable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have by virtue of any Law or Statute now made or hereafter to be made; and ſhall obey all ſuch lawful Commands as they ſhall from Time to Time receive from the ſaid Juſtices for the apprehending Offenders or otherwiſe conducting themſelves in the Execution of their ſaid Office or Employment; and ſuch Juſtices or any Two of them ſhall and may at any Time diſmiſs from his ſaid Employment every ſuch Conſtable belonging to their reſpective Offices, whom they ſhall think remiſs or negligent in the Execution of his Duty or otherwiſe unfit for the ſame, and appoint ſuch others in their Stead as to them ſhall ſeem meet: Provided always, that no greater Number than Twelve ſhall at one and the ſame Time be ſo retained as aforeſaid, at any one of the ſaid Public Offices: Provided alſo, that if any Perſon ſo appointed a Conſtable as aforeſaid ſhall be diſmiſſed from his ſaid Employment as aforeſaid, all Powers and Authorities veſted in him as a Conſtable under and by virtue of this Act, ſhall immediately ceaſe and determine, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatever.

Receivers to pay Conſtables.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Receiver, out of the Monies herein-before directed to be applied in diſcharge of the Salaries, Expences, and Charges attending the ſaid Public Offices, ſhall and may pay to the Conſtables ſo appointed as aforeſaid, for their Trouble and Attendance as aforeſaid, any Sum not exceeding One Guinea *per* Week, and any Extraordinary

traordinary Expences they shall appear to have been necessarily put to, in apprehending Offenders and executing the Orders of the Justices acting under and by virtue of this Act; such Extraordinary Expences being first examined and approved of by the Justices attending the Office in which such Constables shall have been respectively appointed.

Constables may apprehend suspected Persons.

XVIII. And whereas divers ill-disposed and suspected Persons and reputed Thieves frequent Places of public Resort, the Avenues leading thereto, and the Streets and Highways, with Intent to commit Felony on the Persons and Property of His Majesty's Subjects there being; and although their evil Purposes are sufficiently manifest, the Power of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to demand of them Sureties for their good Behaviour, hath not been of sufficient Effect to prevent them from carrying their evil Purposes into Execution; be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Constable, Headborough Patrole, or Watchman, to apprehend every such Person, and convey him or them before any Justice of the Peace; and if it shall appear before the said Justice, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, that such Person or Persons so brought before him by such Constable, Headborough, Patrole, or Watchman, or by any other Person whatever, as well within the said Counties of *Middlesex* and *Surrey*, as elsewhere, is or are a Person or Persons of evil Fame and a reputed Thief or Thieves, and such Person or Persons shall not be able to give a satisfactory Account of himself or themselves, and of his or their Way of living, and it shall also appear to the Satisfaction of the said Justice that there is just Ground to believe that such Person or Persons was or were in such public Place of Resort, Avenue, Street or Highway, as aforesaid, with such Intent as aforesaid, every such Person shall be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond within the Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction.*

Form of Conviction.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Conviction shall be in the following Form of Words, as the Case may happen, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect:

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A. B.* is brought before me *C. D.* Esquire, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of [*or*, City, Liberty, or Place, *as the Case may be*], and charged before me the said Justice with being a Rogue and Vagabond; he the said *A. B.* having been apprehended on the Day of in a certain called in the Parish of in the said County [*or*, City, *et cetera*, *as the Case may be*], and it appearing to me the said Justice, on the Oath of a credible Witness, that the said *A. B.* is a Person of evil Fame and a reputed Thief, and the said *A. B.* on his Examination before me not being able to give a satisfactory Account of himself or of his Way of living, and it also appearing to the Satisfaction of me the said Justice, that there is just Ground to believe the said *A. B.* was in such aforesaid, with Intent to commit Felony on the Person or Property of His Majesty's Subjects there being; I do therefore, in pursuance of an

'Act paſſed in the Fifty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, 'intituled, [*here inſert the Title of this Act*] convict him the ſaid *A. B.* of 'the ſaid Offence, and adjudge him to be a Rogue and Vagabond, within 'the Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of 'the Reign of His late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act 'to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, 'and other idle and diſorderly Perſons, and to Houſes of Correction*; and that 'he for his ſaid Offence be committed to the Houſe of Correction for the 'ſaid County, until the next General or Quarter [*as the Caſe may be*] 'Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the ſaid County, City, or Place, [*as 'the Caſe may be*], then and there to be further dealt with according to Law. '[*If the Party be committed for a leſs Time than until the Seſſions, then ſay,* 'there to remain for the Space of].'

And that ſuch Conviction ſhall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall not be quaſhed or ſet aſide, or adjudged void or inſufficient, for want of any other Form of Words whatever; nor ſhall the ſame be removed by *Certiorari* into His Majeſty's Court of King's Bench.

Appeal to Quarter Seſſions, &c.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf aggrieved by the Judgment of ſuch Juſtice as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall have ariſen, ſuch Perſon at the Time of his Conviction entering into a Recognizance with Two ſufficient Sureties conditioned perſonally to appear at the ſaid Seſſions to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the further Judgment of the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions aſſembled; and in caſe ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed at ſuch Seſſions, the ſaid Juſtices may adjudge ſuch Perſon to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and proceed againſt ſuch Perſon in the ſame Manner as they might have done if ſuch Rogue and Vagabond had been committed to the Houſe of Correction until ſuch General or Quarter Seſſions; and in caſe ſuch Perſon ſhall not appear purſuant to the ſaid Recognizance, the Perſon ſo convicted by ſuch Juſtice ſhall be deemed an incorrigible Rogue within the Intent and Meaning of an Act made and paſſed in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and diſorderly Perſons, and to Houſes of Correction*; and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions, or any Two of them, ſhall iſſue their Warrant to apprehend and commit the Perſon ſo deemed an incorrigible Rogue to ſome Houſe of Correction or Common Gaol within their Juriſdiction, there to remain until the next General or Quarter Seſſions for the ſaid County, [Liberty, or City, *as the Caſe may be*], then and there to be further dealt with according to Law: Provided always, that no Perſon convicted under this Act, ſhall be deemed ſubject or liable to Puniſhment by whipping.

Act not to deprive the Lord Mayor, &c. of London of Juriſdiction in Southwark:

XXI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend to deprive the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, of any Rights, Privileges or Juriſdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exerciſed or enjoyed, within the Town and Borough of *Southwark* and the Liberties thereof, or to prevent the Mayor of the City of *London* for the Time being, and ſuch of the Aldermen of the ſaid City who have borne the Office of Mayoralty, and the Recorder of the ſaid City for the Time being, from

acting as Juſtices of the Peace within the ſaid Town and Borough of *Southwark* and the Liberties thereof, in ſuch and the like Manner as they could or might have done in caſe this Act had not been made.

Nor the Dean or High Steward of Weſtminſter.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend to deprive the Dean of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter Weſtminſter* for the Time being, or the High Steward of the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter* for the Time being, or his lawful Deputy, of any Rights, Privileges or Juriſdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exerciſed or enjoyed within the ſaid City and Liberty, in ſuch and the like Manner as they could or might have done in caſe this Act had not been made.

Salary paid to Juſtices.

XXIII. And whereas by the ſaid recited Act, paſſed in the Forty-ſecond Year of His Majeſty's Reign, it is amongſt other Things provided, that the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the Juſtices who ſhall be appointed to attend the Public Office eſtabliſhed by an Act paſſed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations on the River* Thames *and in its Vicinity; and to amend an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, to prevent the committing of Thefts and Frauds by Perſons navigating Bum Boats and other Boats upon the River* Thames; which, by another Act made in the Forty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, was continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thouſand eight hundred and fourteen, ſhall be Five hundred Pounds clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatſoever; be it further enacted, That the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the ſaid laſt mentioned Juſtices ſhall from and after the paſſing of this Act be Five hundred Pounds clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatſoever: Provided alſo, that the whole Expences attending the ſaid laſt-mentioned Public Office, the laſt-mentioned Salaries being included, ſhall not exceed the annual Sum of Eight thouſand three hundred Pounds, any Thing in the above recited Act of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His Majeſty's Reign to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Officers and Patroles of Bow Street Office to act as Conſtables.

XXIV. And whereas it is expedient that the Officers and Patrole belonging to the ſaid Public Office in *Bow Street* ſhould be ſworn in as Conſtables, and be empowered to act within the Limits of the ſeveral Counties of *Middleſex*, *Surrey*, *Eſſex*, and *Kent*, the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberty of the *Tower of London*; be it therefore further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Two Juſtices belonging to the ſaid Publick Office in *Bow Street* (the Chief Magiſtrate of ſuch Office for the Time being, being one) being Juſtices of the ſaid ſeveral Counties, City and Liberties, to adminiſter to ſuch Perſons reſpectively an Oath duly to execute the Office of Conſtable within the Limits aforeſaid; and each of ſuch Perſons being ſworn ſhall have Power to act as a Conſtable for the Preſervation of the Peace, and for the Security of Property againſt Felonies and other unlawful Modes of obtaining the ſame, within any and every of the ſaid ſeveral Counties, City and Liberties, and for apprehending Offenders againſt the Peace, as well by Night as by Day; and within the Limits aforeſaid, every ſuch Conſtable ſhall have all ſuch Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Conſtable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have within his Conſtablewick: Provided always, that

that when any ſuch Conſtable ſhall be diſmiſſed from his ſaid Employment, or ceaſe to belong to the ſaid Public Office in *Bow Street*, all Powers and Authorities, Allowances, Emoluments, Privileges and Advantages, veſted in the Perſon ſo diſmiſſed or ceaſing to belong to the ſaid Office, ſhall immediately ceaſe and determine.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall continue in force until the Firſt Day of *June* One thouſand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer. Continuance of Act.

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