

ANNO PRIMO & SECUNDO

GEORGII IV. REGIS.

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continued, except so far as the same are altered by this Act: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Pilots, Boatmen, Hovellers, or other Persons, who shall take up any Anchors, Cables, Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, Stores, or Materials, or any Goods or Merchandize which may have been parted with, cut from, or left by any Ship or Vessel within any Harbours, Rivers, or Bays, or on any of the Coasts of this Kingdom, whether the same Ship or Vessel shall be or shall have been in Distress or otherwise, and which shall have been weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of by any such Boatman, Pilot, Hoveller, or other Person, shall send a Report in Writing of the Articles so found, and stating the Marks, if any, thereon, and also an accurate and particular Description of the Bearings, Distances, and Situations, and Time when and where the same were so found, to a Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, at or near to the Port or Place where such Boatman, Pilot, Hoveller, or other Person shall first arrive with such Articles, within Forty-eight Hours after his or their Arrival at such Port or Place, or before he or they shall leave the Port, if he or they shall quit it before that Time shall expire; and shall also, within such Period as aforesaid, deliver such Articles so found, into a proper Warehouse, or such other Place as the Vice Admiral of each County shall appoint for safe Custody, until the same shall be claimed by the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, and the Salvage, together with such other Charges and Expences as are herein-after directed to be paid in respect of such Articles, paid by him or them, or Security given for the Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Salvor or Salvors thereof; and every such Pilot, Boatman, Hoveller, or other Person, who shall wilfully and fraudulently keep Possession of, or retain, or conceal, or secrete any Anchors or Cables, Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, Stores, or Materials, or any Goods or Merchandize, or deface, take out, or obliterate the Marks and Numbers thereon, or alter the same in any Manner, with Intent thereby directly or indirectly to prevent the Discovery and Identification of such Articles so found, weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of as aforesaid, and shall not report and deliver the same at some proper Warehouse or other Place in the Manner aforesaid, and within the Time herein-before limited, shall forfeit all Claim to Salvage, and shall, on Conviction, be adjudged and deemed guilty of receiving Goods knowing them to have been stolen, and shall suffer the like Punishment as if the same had been stolen on Shore.

Pilots and others to deposit Anchors, Cables, and other Ships Materials, taken Possession of by them, in the Places to be appointed by this Act.

Concealing such Articles forfeits Claim to Salvage, and subjects the Offender to Punishment.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, to whom any such Report shall be sent, shall within Two Days forward the same, or a true Copy thereof, to the Secretary of the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond* in *London*, and the same shall be placed by the said Secretary in some conspicuous Situation, for the Inspection of all Persons choosing to inspect and examine the same: Provided always, that no Report shall be forwarded by such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, until the Articles

Deputy Vice Admiral to send Report of Goods deposited to the Trinity House.

No Report made until the Articles amount to 20*l*.

so to be deposited as aforesaid, for and in respect of which a Report is required to be made as herein-before is directed, shall amount in Value to the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Deputy Vice Admiral may seize Goods not reported and deposited, and shall make Report thereof to the Trinity House, on Penalty of 20l. and Double Value of the Seizure.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent to seize and detain any such Articles as shall not have been reported in the Manner herein-before directed; and upon such Seizure such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent shall deposit the same in the Warehouse or other Place to be appointed as aforesaid, and shall within Two Days thereafter send a Report in Writing of the Articles as seized, and stating the Marks (if any) thereon, to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, as before directed, to be made public as aforesaid; and every such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, so seizing, who shall not make such Report as aforesaid within Two Days after Seizure as aforesaid, shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Neglect, together with Double the Value of the Goods so seized, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township where such Offence shall be committed; and every Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, who shall make any such Seizure, without any previous Information being given to such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, shall, on the same Articles being claimed by and delivered to the Owner thereof, or his or her Agent, be entitled to receive such Sum of Money as shall be equal to One Third Part of the Value thereof, after the Payment of the Duties, and any Charges incidental to the Recovery and Preservation of the same.

One-third of Value of Goods allowed on being claimed by the Owner.

Mode of ascertaining the Value of Articles seized.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Owner and Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent so seizing cannot agree on the Value of the Articles, such Value shall be ascertained in like Manner as is herein-after directed with regard to Salvage, or be referred to the Decision of the High Court of Admiralty.

If Deputy Vice Admiral seize by previous Information, he and Informer to divide 2-6th Parts.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any such Seizure shall have been made in consequence of any Information given to any such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent so seizing shall only be entitled to receive from the Owners or their Agents of the Articles One Sixth Part of the Value thereof, and one other One Sixth of such Value shall be paid to the Person who shall have given the Information, the Value of such Articles to be ascertained in Manner aforesaid.

If Articles not claimed within a limited Time, to be sold according to 12 Anne, c. 18. and if they shall have been seized, the

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Articles, so reported and delivered into the Warehouse or other Place as aforesaid, shall not be claimed within a Year and a Day after such Report shall have been transmitted to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, as before mentioned, the same shall be sold, and a Certificate of such Sale shall be delivered to the Purchaser thereof, under the Directions of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Monies arising from the Sale thereof be applied in the Manner directed in

and

Deputy Vice Admiral seizing and the Person informing shall be equally entitled to Salvage.

and by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be found on Shore, or stranded on the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of Her Majesty's Dominions*; and if the same shall have been seized by the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent as aforesaid, then the Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent so seizing, and the Person who shall have given such Information as shall have led to the Seizure (if any such Information shall have been given), shall be equally entitled to the Salvage which shall be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty to the Salvors in the Case of unclaimed Property.

If the Owners and Salvors cannot agree respecting the Salvage, Three Justices shall determine the Difference. If the Justices cannot agree, they shall nominate a Person, conversant in Maritime Affairs, who shall determine.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the Salvors of any such Articles, or any Goods so found, weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of as aforesaid, and so lodged and reported as aforesaid, and the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, cannot agree respecting the Amount of Salvage to be paid for or in respect of the same, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, then the Matter in Difference shall be determined by any Three Justices of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Articles or Goods shall be deposited, shall begin to proceed in their Inquiry, as to such Matters in Dispute, within Forty-eight Hours after such Difference shall be referred to them for their Determination thereof; and if they cannot agree respecting the same, then it shall be lawful for them to nominate any Third Person conversant in Maritime Affairs, at their Option, who shall ascertain the Amount of the Salvage to be paid, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, within Forty-eight Hours after he shall have been so nominated as aforesaid; and the said Justices, and such Third Person so nominated as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority, whenever they see Occasion, to examine the Parties, or their Witnesses, upon Oath, which Oath they are hereby authorized to administer.

Justices may in like Manner determine upon Remuneration to be made for Services rendered to Ships in Distress or otherwise.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be lawful for the said Justices to decide, in the like Manner, and within the same Time as is herein-before directed with regard to Salvage, on all Claims and Demands whatsoever, which shall or may be made by Pilots, Boatmen, and other Persons, for Service of any Description (except Pilotage) to be rendered by them to any Ship or Vessel, as well for carrying off from the Shore to such Ship or Vessel any Anchors, Cables, or other Stores from any Port or Ports of the Coast of *England* and *Wales*, and *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, or for the saving and preserving any Goods or Merchandize which may have been wrecked, stranded, or cast away from any Ship or Vessel, or for being instrumental in saving the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel, the Master, Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, being present with such Justices; and that the said Justices shall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine on all Cases whatever, of Services rendered by Pilots, Boatmen and others, to Ships or Vessels (except Pilotage), whether such Ships or Vessels shall at the Time be in Distress or not, and that they shall have the like Power of examining the Parties or their Witnesses

upon Oath, as last herein-before directed; and the Decision of such Justices shall be final and conclusive on all Parties, save and except in such Cases in which an Appeal shall be interposed by either Party to the High Court of Admiralty, such Appeal to be interposed within Thirty Days after the Award of the Justices or such Person so appointed as aforesaid.

Decision of Justices final, unless an Appeal to Court of Admiralty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Party or Parties so claiming to be entitled to Salvage, or the Party or Parties who is or are to pay the same, or their Agents, shall be dissatisfied with such Award and Decision of the Justices, or of the Person so to be nominated by them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for either of them respectively, within Ten Days after such Award is made, but not afterwards, to declare to the Justices, or such other Person to be nominated by them as aforesaid, his, her, or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of the High Court of Admiralty respecting the said Salvage, and thereupon he, she, or they shall proceed, by taking out a Monition within Thirty Days from the Date of the said Award; but in such Case the said Justices are hereby required and empowered to deliver to the Owners and Proprietors, or their Agents, any such Anchor or Cable, Goods, or other Articles, respecting which any Claim for Salvage shall be made upon the Owners or Proprietors thereof, his, her, or their Agent, giving good and sufficient Bail in the Amount of the Sum awarded for Salvage or Compensation, and which Bail shall be taken by a Commissioner for taking Examinations in Prize Cases, if there shall be One in the Port or Place where such Difference shall arise; but if there shall be no such Commissioner there, then the said Justices, to whom such Difference shall have been referred, or either of them, or any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, are and is hereby authorized to take the same; and the Commissioner or Justice who shall take such Bail, shall certify the same according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and transmit the same without Delay to the High Court of Admiralty, together with a true Certificate in Writing, of the gross Value of the whole of the Articles respecting which Salvage shall be claimed, and also a Copy of such Proceedings and Awards, on unstamped Paper, certified under the Hand of such Commissioner or Justice taking the Bail as aforesaid; and the same shall be admitted by such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

Persons dissatisfied may appeal to the High Court of Admiralty; but the Goods to be restored to the Owners on giving Bail.

Bail to be taken by a Commissioner in Prize Cases, if there is one in the Place, otherwise by a Justice.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Person so to be named by the said Justices as aforesaid, who shall decide on the Amount of Salvage to be paid, or on the Value of the Articles, or on the Remuneration to be made to Persons rendering Assistance to Ships or Vessels, or Persons as aforesaid, to demand and receive of and from the Owner or Owners of the Articles saved, or of the Ships or Vessels in behalf of which the Services may have been rendered, or his, her, or their Agents or Agent, a Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds Two Shillings, and such Owner or Owners, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, shall and is and are hereby required to pay to the Person so to be nominated by the said Justices nominated as aforesaid, such Fee or Reward, immediately after

Persons named by Justices to decide on the Amount of Salvage, &c. may demand from the Owner 2*l.* 2*s.*

after he shall have made his Award or Decision, and on Delivery of the same.

Persons cutting away or defacing Buoy Ropes, &c. to be deemed guilty of Felony, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully cut away, cast adrift, remove, alter, deface, sink or destroy, or shall do or commit any Act with Intent and Design to cut away, cast adrift, remove, alter, deface, sink or destroy, or in any other way injure or conceal, any Buoy, Buoy Rope or Mark belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or which may be attached to any Anchor or Cable, belonging to any Ship or Vessel whatever, whether in Distress or otherwise, such Person or Persons so offending shall, on being convicted of such Offence, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be liable to be transported for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or in Migitation of such Punishment to be imprisoned for any Number of Years, at the Discretion of the Court in which the Conviction shall be made.

Persons fraudulently purchasing or receiving Anchors, Cables, &c. shall be considered Receivers of stolen Goods.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully, and with Intent to defraud and injure the true Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person interested therein as aforesaid, purchase or receive any Anchors, Cables, or Goods or Merchandize which may have been taken up, weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of, whether the same shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel in Distress or otherwise, or whether the same shall have been preserved from any Wreck, if the Directions herein-before contained with regard to such Articles shall not have been previously complied with, such Person or Persons shall, on Conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of receiving stolen Goods, knowing the same to be stolen, as if the same had been stolen on Shore, and suffer the like Punishment as for a Misdemeanor at the Common Law, or be liable to be transported for Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Court before which he, she, or they shall be tried.

Masters of Ships bound to Parts beyond the Seas, finding or taking on board Anchors and other Articles, to make Entry in the Log Book and report the same to the Trinity House, and on their Arrival in England deposit the Articles.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master, Mate, or Crew of any Ship or Vessel bound to Parts beyond the Seas, shall find and take on board of such Ship or Vessel, any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandize, or shall receive any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandize on board of such Ship or Vessel, from any other Person or Persons who may have found the same, knowing the same to have been so found, the Master, Mate, or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall make a true Entry in the Log Book of such Ship, of the Description of the Articles so found or taken on board as aforesaid, stating the Marks (if any) thereon, and the Bearings and Distances, and other minute Description, and the Time when and where the same were found and taken on board; and also shall, at the first possible Opportunity, transmit a Report in Writing, containing a true Copy of such Entry in the Log Book of the said Ship or Vessel, to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, and on the Return of such Vessel to any Port in *England* or *Wales*, or *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, he shall deliver the same Articles into the Possession of a Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, in or nearest to such Port at which he shall first arrive, and within Twenty-four Hours after his Arrival, with the like Report

as is herein-before directed; and such Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent is hereby required to transmit such Report to the said Corporation of the Trinity House at *Deptford Strond*, to be placed by the said Corporation for Inspection in like Manner as aforesaid; and if the same shall not be claimed by the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent, within a Year and a Day after such Report shall be transmitted, the same shall be sold and disposed of according to Law with regard to unclaimed Property; and in default thereof, or if the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall sell or dispose of such Anchor, Cable, Goods, or Merchandize to any Person or Persons whomsoever, or shall not, upon his first Return to any Port within *England* and *Wales*, or *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, report and deliver the same according to the Provisions of this Act, he shall for every such Offence forfeit all Claim to Salvage, and on being thereof lawfully convicted before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, on the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceed One hundred Pounds, nor less than Thirty Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the President and Governors, for the Relief and Support of such maimed and disabled Seamen, and of the Widows and Children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned in the Merchants Service, under an Act of Parliament made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled *An Act for the Relief and Support of maimed and disabled Seamen, and the Widows and Children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned in the Merchants Service;* and shall also forfeit and pay Double the Value of such Articles to the Owners or Owner thereof.

If not claimed to be sold.

Penalty for making Default, not exceeding 100*l.* nor less than 30*l.*

Application of Penalty.

20 G. 2. c. 38.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, who shall make the Report required by this Act to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond* as aforesaid, to receive of and from the Owner or Owners of the Articles in respect of which the Report shall be made, or if the same are not claimed, then out of the Produce of the Sale thereof, the Sum of One Pound One Shilling for each Report; and that it shall also be lawful for the Secretary or other proper Officer of the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, to receive in like Manner as last-mentioned, the Sum of One Pound One Shilling for each Report so to be received by the said Corporation, to be made public by them as aforesaid, which last-mentioned Sum shall be paid to the said Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, before the Delivery of the Goods, and accounted for by him to the Trinity House.

Fees to be paid for Reports, 1*l.* 1*s.* to the Deputy Vice Admiral, and 1*l.* 1*s.* to the Secretary of the Trinity House.

XV. And whereas Pilots, Hovellers, Boatmen, and other Persons in small Vessels have for many Years conveyed Anchors and Cables which may have been weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of by them as aforesaid, or which they may have purchased of other Persons, knowing them to have been weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of, without being reported as aforesaid, to Foreign Countries, and there sold and disposed of, to the manifest Injury and Loss of the Owners thereof; for remedying whereof be it further enacted, That every

Punishing Pilots and others selling or disposing of Anchors or Cables in Foreign Countries.

every Pilot, Hoveller, Boatman, or the Master of any such Vessel, who shall convey any such Anchor or Cable to any Foreign Port, Harbour, Creek, or Bay, and there sell and dispose of the same, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

Penalty on Dealers in Marine Stores not having their Names painted on their Storehouses, or cutting up any Cable without a Permit from a Magistrate.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall trade or deal in buying and selling Anchors, Cables, Sails, or old Junk, old Iron, or Marine Stores of any Kind or Description, shall have their Names, with the Words "Dealer in Marine Stores," painted distinctly in Letters of not less than Six Inches in Length, upon the Front of all their Storehouses, Warehouses, and other Deposits for such Goods; and in default of their so doing, they shall, on Conviction before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Magistrate or Magistrates of any Jurisdiction where such Storehouse, Warehouse, and Depôt shall be, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or on Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township where such Offence shall be committed; and that it shall not be lawful for such Dealers or Traders to cut up any Cable, or any Part of a Cable, exceeding Five Fathoms in Length, or uncant, untwine, or unlay the same into Junk or Paper Stuff on any Pretence whatsoever, without first obtaining a Permit from some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to the Residence of such Dealer, which Permit shall not be granted, unless an Affidavit shall have been made that the Cable so intended to be cut up had been *bonâ fide* purchased, and without Fraud, by the Party so intending to cut up the same, and without any Knowledge or Suspicion on his or her Part, that the same had been or were dishonestly come by; and in which Affidavit shall also be specified the particular Quality and Description of such Cable, and the Name or Names of the Seller or Sellers thereof, which Affidavit shall be recited and set forth at Length in the Permit thereupon granted, on pain of forfeiting for the First Offence any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds; and for every Second or further Offence, any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace; and one Half thereof to go to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall have been committed.

Dealers to keep an Account of old Stores bought by them;

to advertise before cutting up of Cordage.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That for the more effectual Prevention of such Frauds, all Dealers in such Marine Stores as aforesaid, shall keep a Book or Books, fairly written, in which Entries shall be from Time to Time regularly made, of all such old Marine Stores as shall be by them from Time to Time bought, containing a true Account and Description of the Times when the same were so respectively bought by them, and of the Names and Places of Abode of the respective Sellers thereof; and before any Person who shall obtain such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable (as herein-before required to be obtained), shall proceed to cut up the same by virtue thereof, there shall be published, by the Space of One Week at least before the cutting up the same, One or more Advertisement or Advertisements

tisements in some public Newspaper printed nearest to the Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depôt where the Articles shall be deposited, notifying that such Party had obtained such Permit, for the Purpose of cutting up such Cable, and of such Kind and Quality as therein described, and also specifying the Place where such Articles shall be deposited; whereupon it shall be lawful for all and every Person or Persons who may have just Cause to suspect that such Articles are the Property of such Person or Persons, and shall have verified upon Oath the Fact of such his or their Suspicion before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to the said Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depôt, by Warrant for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from such Dealer, who shall have so advertised, and shall be so sworn to be suspected as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of the Book or Books of Entries hereby required by him or her to be kept, and inspect and examine the Cables described in such Permit; and in case any such Dealer, when so thereunto required as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to produce to the Person named in such Warrant, as the Person on whose Oath the same shall have been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer so required to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books in which Entries, containing Accounts of the several Particulars herein-before required to be entered, shall be made, or to permit such Inspection or Examination as aforesaid, or shall, after obtaining such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisement or Advertisements relative thereto, as is herein-before directed and required, the Dealer or Dealers so offending in all or any of the Particulars herein-before mentioned shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being his, her, or their First Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds, and for every Second or further Offence, any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near as aforesaid, be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offences shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by this Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Goods and Chattels of any such Offender or Offenders; and in case no sufficient Distress shall be found then every such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid to Gaol, in case of any First Offence, for the Space of Six Calendar Months, and in case of any Second or further Offence, for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months, unless the said Penalty and the Charges shall be sooner paid.

Persons may demand Inspection of Books.

Penalty on refusing Inspection, &c.

Recovery of Penalties.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Manufacturers of Anchors and Kedge Anchors, shall place his, her, or their Name or Names, together with a progressive Number, and also the Weight of the Anchor, in legible Characters upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank under the Stock of each Anchor, which he, she, or they shall manufacture; and

Manufacturers of Anchors to place Marks on Anchors and Kedge Anchors.

and shall also place his, her, or their Name or Names, together with a Number, and also the Weight of the Kedge Anchor upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank near to the Stock of every Kedge Anchor, which he, she, or they shall manufacture; and in case any such Manufacturer shall neglect to place such Name, Number, or Weight in the Manner herein-before directed and required, every such Person or Persons so offending shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, on the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party so offending, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, one Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offence shall be committed.

Penalty on Neglect.

Form of Conviction.

XIX. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *videlicet*,

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A.B.* is convicted before me [*or*, us] One [*or*, Two, *as the Case may be*,] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the [*here specify the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where committed, as the Case may be*,] contrary to an Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of King *George* the Fourth, intituled [*here insert the Title of this Act.*] Given under my Hand and Seal [*or*, our Hands and Seals,] the Day and Year first above written.'

And no Certiorari, or other Writ or Process for the Removal of any such Conviction, or any Proceedings thereon, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, shall be allowed or granted.

Appeal from Conviction to the General Quarter Sessions.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, within Three Calendar Months next after such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions holden for the County, City, or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall arise, first giving Ten Days Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against, and of the Matter thereof, and entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City, or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and for abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and such Justices at the General Quarter Sessions shall, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given and Recognizance entered into, hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and annul the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as to them shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding, and conclusive; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any

any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Inhabitants may be competent Witnesses.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, or Place, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses, for the Purpose of proving the Commission of any Offence against this Act, within the Limits of such Parish, Township, or Place, notwithstanding the Penalty incurred by such Offence, or any Part thereof, is or may be given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township, or Place, or otherwise for the Benefit or Use, or in Aid or in Exoneration of such Parish, Township, or Place.

Offences may be tried in the County where Articles found, or if sold in foreign Parts, where Offenders reside.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Felonies, Misdemeanours, and other Offences under this Act, shall and may be laid to be committed, and shall be tried in any City or County (being a County) where any such Article, Matter, or Thing, in relation to which such Offence shall have been committed, shall have been found in the Possession of the Person committing the Offence; or if the same shall have been sold in foreign Parts, then in the County or Place in which the Person selling the same shall reside.

Act not to alter the Statute of 48G.3.c.130.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or be in force within the Limits specified and directed in an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled *An Act for preventing the various Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship Owners and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports; and also for remedying certain Defects relative to the Adjustment of Salvage under a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen* Anne, or in any Manner to affect any of the Provisions of the said Act, but the said recited Act shall remain in full force within the Limits therein specified, as if this Act had not been passed: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal, take away, or alter any of the Clauses, Powers, or Provisions contained in an Act of Parliament made in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels navigating the* British *Seas*; but that the said Act shall remain in full force as if this Act had not been passed.

Reservation of the Statute of 48 G. 3. c. 104.

Reservation of the Rights of the High Court of Admiralty, &c.

XXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further declared, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, prejudicing, or impeaching, in any Manner whatever, the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of *England*, or the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty Court of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns, and their Members, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Great Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Dunwich*, in the County of *Suffolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of

of *Southampton*, in the County of *Hants*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Southwold*, in the County of *Suffolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Lynn Regis*, in the County of *Norfolk*; but that it shall and may be lawful for the said Courts respectively, and the Judge or Judges thereof for the Time being, to have, use, exercise, and enjoy Jurisdiction over all such Matters, Rights, and Offences as they have heretofore had, used, exercised, and enjoyed, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if this Act had not been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Reservation of the Rights of the Crown, and of Lords and Ladies of Manors.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That neither this Act nor any thing herein contained shall any ways extend, or be construed to extend, to deprive or in any ways prejudice the Rights of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any Patentee or Grantee of the Crown, or any Lord or Lords, or Lady or Ladies, of any Manor or Manors whatsoever; but that such respective Rights shall be enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a Manner, in every respect, as if this Act had never been made.

Lords of Manors not to lay Claim to Wrecks till Report of the same be made to the Deputy Vice Admiral of the Coast, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Lord or Lady of any Manor, or other Person who may be entitled to or claim to be entitled to Wreck of the Sea, or to any Goods found jetsam, flotsam, or lagan, shall be entitled to appropriate such Wreck or Goods to his, her, or their own Use, or otherwise to dispose thereof, until he, she, or they shall have caused a Report thereof in Writing to be given to the Deputy Vice Admiral of that Part of the Coast where the same shall have been stranded, wrecked, or found, or to his Agent; or if there shall be no such Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent residing within the Distance of Fifty Miles, then to the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*; which Report shall contain an accurate and particular Description of the Wreck or Goods found, and of the Place or Places and Time or Times where and when the same may have been found, and of any Marks that may be thereon, and of such other Particulars as may the better enable the Owner or Owners thereof to recover the same, and also of the Place or Places where the same are deposited and may be found and examined by any Person claiming any Right to such Wreck or Goods, nor until the full Expiration of a Year and a Day after the Delivery of such Notice, any thing in any Law to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent aforesaid shall, within Forty-eight Hours after receiving such Report as aforesaid, transmit a Copy thereof to the Secretary of the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, upon pain of forfeiting for any Neglect to transmit such Account as aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person who will sue for the same; and the said Secretary shall cause such Account to be placed in some conspicuous Situation, for the Inspection of all Persons claiming to inspect and examine the same: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or in any Manner to affect any of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty-second Year of His late Majesty, intituled *An Act for charging*

Deputy Vice Admiral to transmit a Copy of Report to the Secretary of the Trinity House. Penalty 50*l*.

52 G. 3. c. 159.

Foreign Liquors and Tobacco, derelict, jetsam, flotsam, lagan, or wreck, brought or coming into Great Britain, *with the Duties payable on Importation of such Liquors and Tobacco.*

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That when any Goods which shall be found or taken Possession of by any Lord or Lady of any Manor, or Person entitled or claiming to be entitled to Wreck of the Sea, or to Goods found flotsam, jetsam, or lagan, or his or her Agent or Servant, or by any Vice Admiral, or his Deputy or Agent, or by any Officer or other Person whatsoever acting by or under the Authority of this Act, or of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to continue and amend certain Acts for preventing various Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Shipowners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports,* shall be of so perishable a Nature, or so much injured or damaged, that the same cannot be kept, then and in every such case such Goods shall and may, at the Request of any of the Persons interested or concerned therein, or in the saving and preserving thereof, by and with the Consent and Approbation of some Justice of the Peace, not interested or concerned in the same, or in the saving or preserving thereof, and in the Presence of such Justice, or of some Person for that Purpose specially appointed by such Justice, be sold by public Auction or private Contract, as such Justice may direct by some Writing under his Hand, which Writing shall contain an accurate and particular Account of the Goods, and of the Marks that may be thereon, or other Particulars belonging thereto, and of the Times and Places of the finding and intended Sale thereof; and the Money raised by such Sale, after defraying the reasonable Expences of the Sale, to be settled and allowed by such Justice, shall be deposited and remain in the Hands of the Lord or Lady of the Manor, or other Person, or Deputy Vice Admiral, who would have received the Custody of the Goods so sold, to abide and be subject and liable to the Claims of all Persons, in like Manner as the Goods themselves would be subject and liable if remaining unsold: Provided always, that all Persons required to transmit Reports to the Deputy Vice Admiral of the finding of any Goods, shall, in case of any such Sale as last aforesaid, likewise transmit to such Deputy Vice Admiral an Account of such Sale, and of the Proceeds thereof; and the said Deputy Vice Admiral shall forward such Reports to the Secretary of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond,* within the like Periods and under and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures for any Neglect therein, as in Cases of any Goods found and required to be reported under the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act.

Perishable Goods may be sold with Consent of a Justice.

c. 76.

Money to be deposited in the Hands of the Lord of the Manor, &c.

An Account of Sale, to be transmitted to the Deputy Vice Admiral.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, and they are hereby required to permit all Goods, Wares, and Merchandize saved from any Vessel or Vessels stranded or wrecked on their respective Homeward Voyage, to be forwarded to the Port or Ports of their original Destination; and also to permit Goods, Wares, and Merchandize saved from any Vessel or Vessels stranded or wrecked on their respective Outward Voyage, to be returned to the Port or Ports at which the same were shipped; but such Commissioners are to take

Goods saved from Vessels wrecked to be forwarded to the Ports of their original Destination.

Security for the due Protection of the Revenue in respect of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize.

Carriages may pass over the Lands near the Coast where Vessels are wrecked, for the Preservation of the Wreck, &c.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Vice Admiral of the Part of the Coast where any Ship or Vessel shall be stranded or wrecked, or where any Wreck of the Sea or Goods shall be cast on Shore, and for his Agent, and also for the Owner or Master of any such Ship or Vessel, and for the Owners of any such Goods, or of any Part thereof, and for any Officer of the Customs or Excise, and other Officer, and for all Persons whatsoever employed or acting in aid of or in the assisting of any such Deputy Vice Admiral, Officer, Master, or Owner as aforesaid, in the saving or recovering any such Ship or Vessel, or the Cargo, Stores, Tackle, or other Articles belonging to the same, or the preserving the Lives of the Crew or Persons belonging thereto, or of any Wreck as aforesaid, to pass and repass with their Horses, Carts, Carriages, or Servants, over any Lands near to the Part of the Sea Coast where such Vessel shall be so wrecked or stranded, or on which such Wreck shall be cast, without Interruption or Obstruction by the Owner or Occupier thereof, for the Purpose of rendering Assistance in saving, recovering, and preserving any such Ship or Vessel, or Goods or Stores, or any Cables, Anchors, Spars, Masts, Cordage, or other Tackle or Articles belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or for saving or otherwise assisting in preserving the Lives of the Crew, or of any Persons on board of any such Ship or Vessel, or for the taking Possession of and securing for the Benefit of the Owners thereof, of any Wreck or Goods, or other Things cast on Shore, or found on Shore, or found near thereto, provided there shall be no Road by which the Parties may pass and repass with as much Convenience and Expedition as over such Lands; and also to place any Planks, Timber, or any Part of the Wreck, or any Goods or Stores removed or saved from any such Ship or Vessel, or any other Wreck or Goods as aforesaid, upon any such Land for a reasonable Time, until they can be removed to some Warehouse or safe Place of Deposit, making Compensation to the Occupier of such Lands for any Damage done by the Means aforesaid, which Compensation shall be a Charge upon the Wreck or Goods in respect whereof the Damage may be done, in like Manner as Salvage; and in case the Parties cannot agree as to the Amount thereof, then the same shall be ascertained and settled by Two Justices of the Peace, or of a Third Person to be named by them, in such Manner and within such Times as the Amount of Salvage is directed to be ascertained and settled by the said recited Act in the Forty-ninth Year of His said Majesty's Reign.

Compensation to the Land Occupiers.

If Parties do not agree Two Justices to settle it.

Penalty on refusing Persons so employed from passing over Lands, &c. 100l.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Owner or Occupier of any Land or Premises, over which any Person is authorized by this Act to pass and repass, for any of the Purposes in this Act before mentioned, shall interrupt, impede, or hinder any such Person from passing over his Land or Premises, with Horses, Carts, Carriages, and Servants, for the Purposes in this Act before mentioned, or any or either of them, by locking his Gates, or refusing upon Request to open the same, or otherwise, or shall obstruct or hinder the placing any Wreck, Goods, Stores, or other Articles upon his Land, or shall prevent

prevent their remaining there for a reasonable Time, until the same can be removed to some Warehouse or safe Place of public Deposit, such Occupier shall forfeit and pay to any Person who will sue for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt.

Questions of Salvage within the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty or the Courts of Record at Westminster.

XXXI. And whereas Questions have arisen as to the Jurisdictions of the Courts of Record at *Westminster*, and of the High Court of Admiralty, in Cases of Salvage of Ships and Goods performed between High and Low Water Mark; be it therefore enacted, That any Question in relation to Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or of any Goods, which shall be performed between High and Low Water Mark, shall be and be deemed to be within the Jurisdiction or Cognizance of the High Court of Admiralty, or of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

In case of Damage done by a Foreign Vessel in Harbour, &c. any of the Judges may cause the Vessel to be arrested until the Owners, &c. shall undertake to appear Defendant in any Action.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Damage shall be done by any Foreign Ship or Vessel to any *British* Ship or Vessel, Barge, Boat, or other Craft, or any Buoy or Beacon, in any Harbour, Port, River, or Creek, and it shall appear on a summary Application, made to any Judge of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or to the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty respectively, that such Damage or Loss has probably been sustained or arisen by the Misconduct or Negligence of the Master or Mariners of such Foreign Ship or Vessel, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Judge to cause such Foreign Ship or Vessel, being in any Harbour, Port, River, or Creek, to be arrested and detained, until the Master, or Owner, or Consignee, or some Agent of the Owner, Master, or Consignee of such Ship or Vessel, shall undertake to appear and be Defendant in any Action which may be brought for such Loss or Damage, and give such sufficient Security, by Bail or otherwise, for all Costs and Damages, if recovered, as shall be directed and ordered by such Judge, if it shall upon the Trial of such Action or Suit appear that such Loss or Damage shall have arisen from such Negligence or Misconduct as aforesaid; and in such Action or Suit the Person giving Security shall be made Defendant, and shall be stated to be the Owner of the Foreign Ship or Vessel doing such Damage; and it shall not be necessary in any such Action or Suit to give any other Evidence of the Liability of such Person to such Action or Suit, than the Production of the Order of the Judge, made in relation to such Security as aforesaid.

Penalties how recoverable. c. 76.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures above the Sum of Twenty Pounds, or which by this Act, or by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to continue and amend certain Acts for preventing the various Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports*, or any or either of them, or by this Act, are made to be recoverable by Action or Suit, shall and may be sued for and recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*.

XXXIV. Pro-

Reservation of the Rights of the Trinity Houses of Kingston-upon-Hull, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and Scarborough.

XXXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, hindering, prejudicing, or impeaching of any Grant, Liberties, Franchises, and Privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Kingston-upon-Hull*, or in the Commissioners acting under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Adjustment of Salvage for Anchors, Cables, and other Ships Materials found in the River *Humber*, or in the Masters, Wardens, and Brethren of the Trinity Houses of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne* and *Scarborough* respectively; but that the said Corporation, and the said Masters, Wardens, and Brethren, shall hold and enjoy the same as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as they might have done in case this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Reservation of the Rights of the City of London.

XXXV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prejudice or take away any Right, Property, Authority, or Jurisdiction of the Mayor of the City of *London*, or of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, to, in, and upon the Rivers of *Thames* and *Medway*.

This Act not to extend to Scotland or Ireland.

XXXVI. Provided also, and be it hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to those Parts of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* called *Scotland* and *Ireland*.

For the better Adjustment and Payment of Salvage pursuant to 12 Ann. c. 18.

XXXVII. And whereas it is expedient, that the like Means of conclusively adjusting and recovering the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the said several Persons acting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods or Persons on board thereof, should subsist, and be by Law applicable in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander or other superior Officers, Mariners, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, as are now by Law provided for adjusting the Quantum of such Monies or Gratuities, which shall have become due in Cases where Application shall have been first made to the Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in that Behalf named and appointed in and by a certain Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be forced on Shore or stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of Her Majesty's Dominions*, and where such Assistance shall thereupon have been rendered, in pursuance of the Provision of that Statute; be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Means which in virtue of the said last-mentioned Act subsist, and may now be by Law applied for the conclusively adjusting, and for the recovering of the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the several Persons acting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods, in Cases where Application shall have been first

made pursuant to the said Act, to Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in that Behalf mentioned, and Assistance shall have been thereupon rendered and had, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Act, shall be by Law applicable and available, in like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander or other superior Officers, Mariners, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, although no such Application shall have been made to, nor any Authority or Assistance derived from, any Officer of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in the said Statute in that Behalf mentioned; and thereupon, upon Payment or Tender and Refusal of the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the several Persons who shall have acted or been employed in such Salvage, or in case such Payment or Tender cannot be made, on Security being given for the true Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justices who shall have adjusted such Quantum or Gratuities, it shall not be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, or other Person or Persons having the Possession or Custody of such Ship, Vessel, Materials, Stores, or Goods, any longer to retain the Possession or Custody of the same, or any Part thereof, by Reason or Pretence of any Claim or Right to a Compensation or Gratuity of such Salvage as aforesaid, or for having acted or been employed therein.

Property saved may be sold to defray the Expence of Salvage.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted and declared, That in all Cases it shall be lawful for the Owner or Owners, or if the Owner or Owners refuse, for the Salvors, to sell so much of the Property saved as will be sufficient to defray the Salvage adjudged, and all Expences attending the same, and such other reasonable Charges and Expences respecting the said Property as shall be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty, or by the Justices acting in Execution of the Provisions of this Act; and that a Production of an Order or Decree from the High Court of Admiralty, or of an Award made by the Justices acting in Execution of the Provisions of this Act, the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise shall be empowered and required, and they are hereby empowered and required, to allow the Sale of such Goods aforesaid, free from the Payment of all Duties: Provided nevertheless, that in all Cases in which they may think it advisable, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise to refer any such Award, which may be produced to them from the Justices acting in Execution of the Provisions of this Act, to the Judgment and Revision of the High Court of Admiralty.

Public Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

ON the Day of in the Year of our Lord before me at in the County of [*Ship's Name,*] *A. B.* [*here insert the Names of the Salvors against, and name the Stores and other Articles (id est) Anchors and Cables, &c. as the Case may be*] certain Goods and Merchandizes lately found and taken Possession of, and belonging to the said Ship, whereof was Master, and also against the said Master, and the Owners [*or if the Owners alone appear by themselves or Agents, then leave out the Master's Name*] of the said Goods and Merchandize, in a Cause of Salvage [*Master's Name*] on which Day appeared personally of and of who produced themselves as Sureties for the said the Master, and for the Owners of the said Goods and Merchandize, and submitting themselves to the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England, bound themselves, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, for the Master and Owners of the said Goods and Merchandize, in the Sum of of lawful Money of Great Britain, unto the said to answer such Salvage and Expences, or the Value of the Goods [*as the Case may be*] as shall be herein-after decreed by the said Court, according to the Tenor of the Act in that Case made and provided; and unless they shall so do, they hereby consent that Execution shall issue forth against them, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, Goods and Chattels, wherever the same shall be found, to the Value of the Sum above mentioned.

This Bail was duly taken, acknowledged, and received, at the Time and Place above written, before me the undersigned Commissioner; and I do believe and consider the Persons above mentioned sufficient Security for the said Sum of

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