Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Provisions as to abatements from statutory salaries.

1.—(1) His Majesty may by Order in Council revoke the National Economy (Statutory Salaries) Order, 1931.

(2) While the said Order remains in force, the abatement (including any abatement therein referred to as an "additional abatement") to be made under the said Order from the amount of the salary to be paid in respect of any office, shall be one-half of that which would have been thereby required to be made if this subsection had not been passed.

(3) Paragraph (2) of Article one of the said Order shall cease to have effect, but in any year during any part of which the said Order is in force, the deduction to be made under subsection (3) of section thirty-seven of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, from the Northern Ireland residuary share of reserved taxes shall be reduced by an amount equal to one fourth of the total abatement made under the said Order in that year from the salary of the Governor of Northern Ireland.

10 & 11 Geo. 5. c. 67.

Short title, commencement and extent.

2.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Statutory Salaries (Restoration) Act, 1934.

(2) This Act shall come into force on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-four.

(3) It is hereby declared that this Act extends to Northern Ireland.

CHAPTER 25.

An Act to enable courts in Scotland to disqualify for keeping dogs persons convicted of cruelty to them. [22nd June 1934.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present

Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Power to disqualify persons convicted of cruelty to dogs.

1.—(1) Any court before which a person is convicted under the Protection of Animals (Scotland) Act, 1912, of an offence of cruelty to a dog may order him to be disqualified for keeping a dog and for holding or obtaining a dog licence for such period as the court thinks fit.

2 & 3 Geo. 5. c. 14.

(2) A person who by virtue of any such order is so disqualified as aforesaid may appeal against the order in the same manner as against a conviction, and the court may, if it thinks fit, pending the appeal, suspend the operation of the order.

(3) Where a person who is disqualified by virtue of an order under this section is the holder of a dog licence, the licence shall be suspended so long as the disqualification continues in force and shall, during the time of suspension, be of no effect.

(4) If any person who is disqualified by virtue of an order under this section keeps a dog or applies for or obtains a dog licence while he is so disqualified, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Power to remove disqualification.

2. A person who, by virtue of an order under this Act, is disqualified for keeping a dog and for holding or obtaining a dog licence may, at any time after the expiration of six months from the date of the order, and from time to time, apply to the court by which the order was made to remove the disqualification, and on any such application the court may, as it thinks proper, having regard to the character of the person disqualified and his conduct subsequent to the order, the nature of the offence, and any other circumstances of the case, either by order remove the disqualification as from such date as may be specified in the order or refuse the application:

Provided that, where an application under this section is refused, a further application thereunder shall not be entertained if made within three months after the date of the refusal.

Interpretation.

30 & 31 Vict. c. 5.

3. In this Act the expression "dog licence" means a licence under the Dog Licences Act, 1867, and the expression "keep" has the same meaning as in that Act,

and so much of section eight of that Act as relates to the method of determining by whom a dog is kept shall apply accordingly.

Short title and citation. 11 & 12 Geo. 5. c. 22.

4.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Protection of Animals (Cruelty to Dogs) (Scotland) Act, 1934, and the Protection of Animals (Scotland) Act, 1912, the Protection of Animals (Scotland) Act, 1912, Amendment Act, 1921, and this Act may be cited together as the Protection of Animals (Scotland) Acts, 1912 to 1934.

(2) This Act shall extend to Scotland only.

CHAPTER 26.

An Act to make provision with regard to the power to make, and the validity of, directions under paragraph (*b*) (i) of the proviso to subsection (1) of section one of the Licensing Act, 1921, as respects a part of the year only, and to the power to fix, and the validity of decisions fixing, the permitted hours on week-days where such directions are so made. [22nd June 1934.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Permitted hours in the evening (validity of directions and decisions as respects parts of the year). 11 & 12 Geo 5. c. 42.

1.—(1) The power conferred on the licensing justices for any licensing district outside the metropolis by sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (*b*) of the proviso to subsection (1) of section one of the Licensing Act, 1921 (which relates to permitted hours on week-days) to make as respects their district a direction that the said subsection shall have effect as though eight and a half hours were substituted for eight hours, and half-past ten at night were substituted for ten at night, shall include power, where they are satisfied that the special requirements of the district during a part of the year only (being a part consisting of eight consecutive weeks or more) render it desirable, to make such a direction as respects that part of the year only.