offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or, if he wears it in such a manner or under such circumstances as to be likely to bring contempt on the uniform, to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding one month:

Provided that this section shall not prevent any person from wearing any uniform or dress in the course or for the purposes of a stage play or representation, or a music-hall or circus performance if the uniform is not worn in such a manner or under such circumstances as to bring it into contempt.

(2) If any person entitled to wear the British mercantile marine uniform when aboard a ship in port or on shore appears dressed partly in uniform and partly not in uniform under such circumstances as to be likely to bring contempt on the uniform, or, being entitled to wear the uniform appropriate to a particular rank or position, wears the uniform appropriate to some higher rank or position, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Copyright in distinctive marks of the uniform. 7 Edw. 7. c. 29.

2. Where the Board of Trade have, whether before or after the passing of this Act, registered under Part II. of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, any design forming part of the British mercantile marine uniform, the Board of Trade shall, notwithstanding anything in section fifty-three of that Act, have a perpetual copyright in the design so long as it remains on the register.

Short title.

3. This Act may be cited as the British Mercantile Marine Uniform Act, 1919.

CHAPTER 63.

An Act to amend the law as to Notices to Quit given to Tenants by Owners of Agricultural Land prior to the sale of such land. [19th August 1919.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Restriction of notices to quit.

1. On the making, after the passing of this Act, of any contract for sale of a holding, or any part of a holding held by a tenant from year to year, any then current and unexpired notice to determine the tenancy of the holding given to the tenant, either before or after the passing of this Act, shall be

null and void, unless the tenant shall, after the passing of this Act and prior to such contract of sale, by writing, agree that such notice shall be valid.

2. In this Act—

Definitions.

"Agricultural land" means land which is either wholly agricultural or wholly pastoral, or in part agricultural and as to the rest pastoral or in whole or in part cultivated as a market garden;

"Holding" means a parcel of agricultural land held by a tenant and which is not let to the tenant during his continuance in any office, appointment or employment held under the landlord;

"Market garden" means a holding cultivated wholly or mainly for the purpose of the trade or business of market gardening.

Exemption of purchases for public purposes.

3. This Act shall not apply to a contract for sale to a Government department or local authority for the purpose of providing small holdings or allotments, or for any other public purpose made within three years after the passing of this Act.

Application of Act.

4. This Act shall not apply to Ireland.

Short title.

5. This Act may be cited as the Agricultural Land Sales (Restriction of Notices to Quit) Act, 1919.

CHAPTER 64.

An Act to extend, amend, and prolong the duration of section one of the Courts (Emergency Powers) Act, 1917. [19th August 1919.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Amendment of s. 1 of 7 & 8 Geo. 5. c. 25.

1.—(1) Section one of the Courts (Emergency Powers) Act, 1917, which confers on the court power to suspend and annul certain contracts shall have effect as if—

(*a*) For subsection (1) thereof the following subsection were substituted:—

"Where, upon an application by any party to a contract (including a contract confirmed by Act of Parliament or Order having the force of an