Process as the same shall be ascertained in the course thereof, and decerned and ordained to make Payment of what Sum shall remain in his Hands after such Retention to such of the Defenders or others as may be found to have best Right thereto: And the Defenders who shall be found to have no Right to the Sums in medio, and all others, ought and should be decerned and ordained, by Decree foresaid, to desist and cease from further troubling the Pursuer with respect to the Premises in Time coming, conform to the Laws and daily Practice of Scotland used and observed in the like Cases, as is alleged. Our Will is Herefore, &c. [*insert the Will in common Form, as before*].

[*To be signed and signeted as before.*]

SCHEDULE (B.)

THIS Summons, [*or* Note of Suspension, *or* Note of Suspension and Interdict, *or* Note of Suspension and Liberation, *or* Note of Advocation,] executed [*or* intimated] by me [*insert Name*], Messenger at Arms, against [*or* to] [*insert Name or Names*], Defender [*or* Defenders, *or* Respondent *or* Respondents] [*state whether personally or otherwise*], in Presence of [*insert Name and Designation of Witness*], this Day of Eighteen hundred and Years.

[*Signature of Messenger.*]

C.D., Witness.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for the further Extension of Summary Jurisdiction in Cases of Larceny.

[29th *July* 1850.]

'WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled *An Act for the more speedy Trial and Punishment of Juvenile Offenders*, it is enacted, that every Person who should subsequently to the passing of that Act be charged with having committed or having attempted to commit, or with having been an Aider, Abettor, Counsellor, or Procurer in the Commission of any Offence which then was or thereafter should or might be by Law deemed or declared to be Simple Larceny, or punishable as Simple Larceny, and whose Age at the Period of the Commission or attempted Commission of such Offence should not, in the Opinion of the Justices before whom he or she should be brought or appear as therein-after mentioned, exceed the Age of Fourteen Years, should, upon Conviction thereof upon his own Confession or upon Proof before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Division, Borough, Liberty, or Place, in Petty Sessions assembled at the usual Place and in open Court, be punished as therein mentioned: And whereas by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled *An Act for the more speedy Trial and Punishment of Juvenile Offenders in* Ireland, it is enacted that every Person who should subsequently to the passing of that Act be charged with having committed or having attempted to commit, or with having been an Aider, Abettor, Counsellor, or Procurer in the Commission of any Offence in *Ireland* which then was or thereafter should or might be by Law deemed or declared to be Simple Larceny or punishable as Simple Larceny, and whose Age at the Period of the Commission or attempted Commission of such Offence should not, in the Opinion of the Justices before whom he or she should be brought or appear as therein-after mentioned, exceed the Age of Fourteen Years, should, upon Conviction thereof upon his own Confession or upon Proof before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Division, Borough, Liberty, or Place, in Petty Sessions assembled at the usual Place and in open Court, be punished as therein mentioned: And whereas the Expense and Delay sustained in the Prosecution of Persons guilty of petty Thefts tend to the Increase of such Offences; and it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Acts should be extended as herein-after provided:' Be it enacted therefore by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.

11 & 12 Vict. c. 59.

Recited Acts extended to all Cases in which the Age of the Person charged does not exceed Sixteen Years.

assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Acts, and the Jurisdiction thereby given, and all the Provisions therein contained, shall extend and be applicable to all Cases in which any Person shall subsequently to the passing of this Act be charged with any such Offence as in the said Acts mentioned, and the Age of the Person so charged at the Period of the Commission or attempted Commission of the Offence shall not, in the Opinion of the Justices before whom he or she shall be brought or appear as therein mentioned, exceed the Age of Sixteen Years; and that the Provisions of the said recited Acts for Summons, Warrant to summon and apprehend, and all other the Provisions applicable to the Cases where any Person whose Age is alleged not to exceed Fourteen Years shall be charged with any such Offence as in the said Acts mentioned, shall extend and be applicable to all Cases in which any Person whose Age shall not exceed Sixteen Years shall be charged with any such Offence as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize or empower any Justice or Justices to order the Punishment of Whipping to be inflicted upon any Offender whose Age shall exceed the Age of Fourteen Years.

Offenders above Fourteen Years of Age not to be whipped.

Justice to ask whether Accused wishes the Charge to be tried by a Jury.

II. And be it enacted, That One of the Justices before whom any Person shall be charged and proceeded against under this Act or the herein-before mentioned Acts, before such Person shall be asked whether he or she has any Cause to show why he or she should not be convicted, shall say to the Person so charged these Words, or Words to the like Effect: "We "shall have to hear what you wish to say in answer to the Charge against you; but if you "wish the Charge to be tried by a Jury, you must object now to our deciding upon it at "once;" and if such Person, or a Parent of such Person, shall then object, the Justices shall proceed with the Charge as if the said Acts had not been passed.

Act not to extend to Scotland.

III. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to *Scotland*.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to render valid certain Marriages solemnized in the new Church at *Upton cum Chalvey* in the County of *Buckingham* and Diocese of *Oxford*.

[29th *July* 1850.]

'WHEREAS a new Church intended as and for the Parish Church of the Parish of *Upton cum Chalvey* in the County of *Buckingham* and Diocese of *Oxford* was erected and built some Time in or about the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and was duly consecrated for the Performance of the Divine Service therein: And whereas before the Period at which the said new Church was legally constituted the Parish Church divers Marriages have been solemnized in the said new Church by the Vicar or officiating Minister for the Time being of the Parish of *Upton cum Chalvey*, and by other Clergymen, under the erroneous Opinion that according to the Terms of the Sentence of Consecration of the said new Church or otherwise Marriages might be lawfully solemnized therein, and Entries of the several Marriages so solemnized as aforesaid have been from Time to Time made in the Register Book of the said Parish, in compliance with the Provisions of the Act of Parliament respecting the Registry of Marriages: And whereas Doubts are entertained whether such Marriages so as aforesaid solemnized in such Church before the same was legally constituted the Parish Church are strictly legal, and it is expedient to remove such Doubts:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Marriages so as aforesaid solemnized in the said new Church of *Upton cum Chalvey* shall be as good and valid in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the same had been solemnized in the Parish Church of *Upton cum Chalvey* aforesaid.

All Marriages already solemnized in the new Church of Upton cum Chalvey declared to be valid.

Ministers having solemnized such Marriages not to be liable to Penalties.

II. And be it enacted, That the Minister or Ministers who solemnized such Marriages respectively as aforesaid shall not be liable to any Ecclesiastical Censures, or to any other Proceedings or Penalties whatsoever, by reason of his or their having so as aforesaid solemnized the same respectively.

III. And