'Majesty of a Person being a Serjeant or Barrister at Law of not less than Ten Years 'standing, and in the Commission of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, and qualified 'by Law to act as a Justice of the Peace, to be the Assistant Judge of the Court of the 'Sessions of the Peace for the said County, and the yearly Salary of One thousand two 'hundred Pounds is to be paid as therein mentioned to such Assistant Judge out of the 'Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom: And whereas the said Office of Assistant 'Judge lately became vacant by the Death of *Robert Pashley* Esquire, and it is expedient 'to make further Provision concerning the said Office and otherwise to amend the said 'Act:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Power to Justices to grant 300*l.* a Year out of the County Rates as an Addition to the Salary of the Assistant Judge;

I. It shall be lawful for the Justices of the County of *Middlesex*, if they so think fit, at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace to order to be paid out of the County Rates of such County to the Assistant Judge for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds in addition to the Salary of One thousand two hundred Pounds payable under the said Act, and such yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds shall be paid out of such County Rates accordingly on the Days on which the said Salary of One thousand two hundred Pounds is payable out of the Consolidated Fund.

who in such Case is not to practise as a Barrister.

II. In case such yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds be so ordered to be paid, no such Assistant Judge during his Continuance in such Office shall practise as a Barrister.

In certain Cases Secretary of State may appoint a Person to act temporarily as Assistant Judge.

III. During any Vacancy in the Office of such Assistant Judge, or when and so often as such Assistant Judge for the Time being shall, by reason of mental or bodily Infirmity or of unavoidable Absence, or from other Cause, be unable to appoint a Deputy pursuant to the said Act, it shall be lawful for One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Writing under his Hand, to appoint a Person, being a Serjeant or Barrister at Law of not less than Ten Years Standing, to act temporarily as or in the Place of such Assistant Judge until such Time as an Assistant Judge shall be appointed under the said Act, or until the Assistant Judge shall be able to resume his Duties, as the Case may require, and such Person so appointed under this Act shall have and exercise all such Powers and Privileges as are given by the said Act to such Assistant Judge, and shall be paid for his Services out of the County Rates of the said County any Sum not exceeding Five Guineas *per* Day whilst he shall sit and act as Assistant Judge.

All General Sessions of the Peace for Middlesex to have the Powers of Quarter Sessions.

IV. Every General Session of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, and every Adjournment thereof, shall have Power to try and determine all Appeals, and all other Powers which do now or shall hereafter belong to the General Quarter Sessions for the said County; and the said Justices may and are hereby authorized to hold such Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, at the Sessions House at *Clerkenwell*.

Court may remit Fines on Jurors.

V. It shall be lawful for any Court of General or Quarter Session holden in and for the said County of *Middlesex* to spare or remit, if it shall be thought fit, any Fine imposed at a previous Session upon any Juror for Non-attendance or other Default.

Section 10. of recited Act repealed in part on next Vacancy.

VI. So soon as the present Assistant Judge shall cease to hold his Office as such Judge, the Tenth Section of the said Act shall be repealed so far as relates to the Salary of any future Assistant Judge.

CAP. V.

An Act to remove Doubts as to the Qualification of Persons holding Diplomatic Pensions to sit in Parliament. [8th *August* 1859.]

'WHEREAS the Act of the Second and Third Years of King *William* the Fourth, 'Chapter One hundred and sixteen, regulates the Conditions on which Pensions shall 'be granted to Persons who have served Her Majesty in Diplomatic Offices: And whereas 'Doubts

'Doubts have arisen as to whether such Pensions, being those of Reward of Diplomatic 'Service authorized by Parliament, come within the Provisions of the Act of the Sixth Year 'of Queen *Anne*, Chapter Seven, which renders any Person holding a Pension from the 'Crown during Pleasure incapable of being elected or of sitting or voting as a Member of 'the House of Commons:' Be it hereby enacted and declared by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Persons holding Diplomatic Pensions may sit in House of Commons.

I. That Pensions granted for Diplomatic Services, according to the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Second and Third Years of King *William* the Fourth, shall not disqualify the Holder from being elected or sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons.

2 & 3 W. 4. c. 116. not to be affected by this Act.

II. Nothing contained in this Act shall affect any of the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Second and Third Years of King *William* the Fourth, for the Regulation of Diplomatic Pensions.

CAP. VI.

An Act to enable Serjeants, Barristers-at-Law, Attorneys, and Solicitors to practise in the High Court of Admiralty. [8th *August* 1859.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Serjeants, Barristers, Attorneys, and Solicitors to be at liberty to practise in the High Court of Admiralty.

I. All Serjeants and Barristers-at-Law, and all Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be entitled to practise as Serjeants, Barristers, Attorneys, and Solicitors respectively in all Matters and Causes whatsoever in Her Majesty's High Court of Admiralty; and the said Serjeants and Barristers-at-Law shall and may have and exercise the same Rights and Privileges of practising, pleading, and audience in the said High Court of Admiralty as Advocates now have and enjoy in the said Court, and the said Attorneys and Solicitors shall and may have and exercise the same Rights and Privileges of practising in the said High Court of Admiralty as Proctors now have and enjoy in the said Court; and all Persons who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall have been admitted Advocates in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts or in the said High Court of Admiralty, and the said Serjeants and Barristers-at-Law, shall have respectively the same Rank and Precedence in the said High Court of Admiralty which they now have before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, unless and until Her Majesty shall otherwise order: Provided always, that all Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors practising in the said Court of Admiralty shall be subject to the Authority of the Judge of the said Court, in like Manner as Attorneys in the Court of Queen's Bench are subject to the Authority of that Court.

CAP. VII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Her Majesty, for allowing Verdicts on Trials by Jury in Civil Causes in *Scotland* to be received, although the Jury may not be unanimous. [8th *August* 1859.]

'WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign 'of Her present Majesty, intituled *An Act to allow Verdicts on Trials by Jury in 'Civil Causes in* Scotland *to be returned, although the Jury may not be unanimous*, it was 'enacted,

17 & 18 Vict. c. 59.