CHAPTER 35.

An Act to facilitate the Revision of Lists of Jurors and Voters, and the Registration of Voters, in the county of Dublin. [28th July 1884.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the County of Dublin Jurors' and Voters' Revision Act, 1884.

Power to appoint revising barrister.

2. It shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other chief governor or governors of Ireland for the time being from time to time to appoint a barrister-at-law, who shall have actually practised ten years at the least in the Superior Courts in Dublin, and who shall not at the time of his appointment have ceased to practise, to discharge all the duties with regard to the registration of parliamentary voters, and the revision of the list of jurors, in the county of Dublin which are capable of being discharged by the Recorder of Dublin.

After such appointment has been made, the Recorder shall cease to discharge the duties with reference to the registration of voters and the revision of the lists of jurors, heretofore discharged by him. The person so appointed shall have, with respect to such registration and revision, the same powers, duties, rights, and privileges as the said Recorder.

The provisions of the several Acts which regulate the registration of parliamentary voters in counties in Ireland, and the revision of the lists of jurors, shall apply to the duties with reference to such registration and revision from time to time performed by the person so appointed, as fully as such provisions would have applied if those duties had been performed by the said Recorder.

The person so appointed shall be styled "revising barrister for the county of Dublin," and shall hold office during good behaviour, and shall be paid out of moneys to be provided by Parliament such annual salary as the Lord Lieutenant or other chief governor or governors of Ireland with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may appoint.

Provision for absence of revising barrister.

3. In case the Lord Chancellor or Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal of Ireland for the time being are satisfied that the revising barrister for the county of Dublin is unable from unavoidable absence or illness to discharge his duties as such revising barrister, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor or Keeper or Commissioners to appoint some other barrister, qualified as by this Act is provided in the case of the revising barrister for the county of Dublin, to do the duty of the revising barrister for the county of Dublin for such time as such absence or illness shall continue. Every person so appointed shall be paid such sum as the said Lord Chancellor or Keeper or Commissioners shall appoint, which shall be deducted from the salary of the said revising barrister.

Deduction from salary of future Recorders.

4. When first after the passing of this Act a vacancy occurs in the office of Recorder of Dublin, there shall be deducted from the salary of the person appointed to be Recorder, and of his successors in that office, an annual sum of one hundred pounds.

CHAPTER 36.

An Act to amend the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, in certain particulars. [28th July 1884.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Prisons (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1884.

Expense of prisoners to be defrayed out of moneys provided by Parliament.

2. From and after the passing of this Act the expenses incurred in respect of a prisoner for food, clothing, custody, safe-conduct, and removal from one place of confinement to another or otherwise, from the period when the order for his committal to prison is made until his death or discharge from prison, shall be defrayed out of moneys provided by Parliament, with this proviso, that nothing in this Act shall exempt a prisoner from payment of any costs or expenses in respect of his conveyance to prison or otherwise which he would have been liable to pay if this Act had not been passed.

Joint visiting committees for prisons used for more counties than one. 40 & 41 Vict. c. 49.

3. Where any prison is not exclusively used for the confinement of prisoners belonging to any one county,—

A joint visiting committee may, notwithstanding anything contained in section twenty-four of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, be appointed for such prison, if the Lord Lieutenant so orders;

A joint visiting committee shall consist of so many justices as the Lord Lieutenant shall prescribe, who shall be appointed by such grand juries, and in such proportions, as the Lord Lieutenant, having regard to the locality and use of the prison, and the class of prisoners confined therein, may from time to time order.

Interpretation.

4. Expressions used in this Act shall respectively have the same meaning in this Act as they are declared to have in the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877.

CHAPTER 37.

An Act to amend the Public Libraries Acts. [28th July 1884.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Power of council board, &c. to accept

1. Whereas doubts have arisen as to whether authorities acting under the Public Libraries Acts, have power to fulfil the conditions