authority shall remove the same and all foundations, débris, and other materials, and restore the surface of the ground to the same state in which it was found by them on taking possession, and they shall deliver up the possession to the person in whose occupation it was immediately prior to their taking possession thereof.

Penalties.

6. Any person molesting or obstructing the officers of or persons deputed by the sanitary authority when carrying out the provisions of this Act, shall be liable on conviction before a court of summary jurisdiction, composed of not less than two justices or one stipendiary magistrate, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding two months.

Duration of powers of local authorities.

7. The powers conferred upon sanitary authorities by this Act shall not be exercised after the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

Short title.

8. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Cholera Hospitals (Ireland) Act, 1884.

Definition of sanitary district.

9. In any case in which the sanitary authorities of any maritime union have been directed by order of the Local Government Board to exercise jurisdiction for the prevention or suppression of cholera over any port which includes portions of any other union or unions, then the words "sanitary district" in this Act shall be construed to include such portions of the lands comprised within the limits of the said port as lie within one mile of high-water mark.

Extent of Act.

10. This Act shall extend to Ireland only.

CHAPTER 60.

An Act to enable the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylums District to borrow for certain purposes of the Diseases Prevention (Metropolis) Act, 1883.

[14th August 1884.]

46 & 47 Vict. c. 35.

WHEREAS by section six of the Diseases Prevention (Metropolis) Act, 1883, it is made the duty of the managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District, and they are thereby required, to provide certain wharves or landing places with convenient approaches thereto for the embarkation and landing of persons removed to or from any hospital ship or hospital belonging to the said managers, and for any other purpose in relation thereto:

And whereas doubts have arisen as to the powers of the said managers to borrow for the purpose of providing wharves or landing places and approaches, and also of providing vessels for use in connexion with the said wharves or landing places and the asylums and hospital ships of the said managers, and it is expedient to remove such doubts:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Metropolitan Asylum Board (Borrowing Powers) Act, 1884.

2. The provision by the said managers of wharves or landing places and approaches thereto, and the provision and erection of piers, floating dummies, and other necessary and proper erections, adjuncts, or conveniences in connexion with the said wharves or landing places which have been or at any time hereafter may be provided or erected, and the provision of vessels or boats for use in connexion with the said wharves or landing places and the asylums and hospital ships of the said managers which have been or at any time hereafter may be provided shall be deemed to have been and to be and shall be purposes for which the said managers have been and are authorised to borrow in pursuance of the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, and any Acts altering or amending the same. 30 Vict. c. 6.

CHAPTER 61.

An Act to amend the Supreme Court of Judicature Acts; and for other purposes. [14th August 1884.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision concerning the Supreme Court of Judicature, and the officers thereof, and such other matters as are herein-after mentioned:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Supreme Court of Judicature Act, 1884; and this Act, together with the Supreme Court of Judicature Acts, 1873 to 1879, and the Supreme Court of Judicature Act, 1881, may be cited as the Supreme Court of Judicature Acts, 1873 to 1884. Short title.

2. This Act shall come into operation on the twenty-fourth day of October one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, which day is in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act Commencement of Act.

3. The President for the time being of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice shall have rank and precedence in the Court of Appeal next after all ordinary Judges of that Court appointed before the time at which he shall have become an ex-officio member thereof. Precedence of President of Probate, &c., Division.

4. A Divisional Court of the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice may at any time be constituted of more than two Judges if the President of the said Division, with the concurrence of not less than two other Judges thereof, shall be of opinion that it is expedient so to constitute the same. Amendment of 39 & 40 Vict. c. 39. s. 17.

5. Upon the request of the Lord Chancellor it shall be lawful for any Judge of any Division of the High Court, who may consent so to do, to sit and act for or on behalf of any other Judge of the High Court absent from illness or any other cause, or in the place of any Judge whose office has become vacant, or as an additional Judge of any Division for the purpose of hearing any causes or matters which may be assigned to him by the Lord Chancellor, or any applications therein; and while so sitting and acting any such Judge shall have all the power and authority which such other Absence, vacancies, and insufficiency in number of Judges.