1952 No. 896

The Wholesale Mantle and Costume Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1952

Made - - - - 2*nd May*, 1952
Coming into Operation 23*rd May*, 1952

Whereas the Minister of Labour and National Service (hereinafter in this Order referred to as "the Minister") has received from the Wholesale Mantle and Costume Wages Council (Great Britain) (hereinafter in this Order referred to as "the Council") the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto, being proposals for requiring workers in relation to whom the Council operates to be allowed holidays by their employers and for fixing holiday remuneration to be paid by their employers to those workers in substitution for the holidays provided for, and the holiday remuneration fixed, by the Wholesale Mantle and Costume Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1949(a) (hereinafter in this Order referred to as "Order W.M. (46)");

Now, therefore, the Minister, by virtue of the powers conferred on him by section 10 of the Wages Councils Act, 1945(b), and of all other powers in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:—

Short title and interpretation

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Wholesale Mantle and Costume Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1952.

(2) In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the 23rd day of May, 1952, provided that where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889(c), applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Fixing of holidays and holiday remuneration and revocation of Order W.M. (46)

2.—(1) Effect is hereby given to the said wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The provisions of the Schedule hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date Order W.M. (46) shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Minister of Labour and National Service this 2nd day of May, 1952.

Godfrey H. Ince,
Secretary,
Ministry of Labour and National Service.

(a) S.I. 1949/1402; 1949 I, p. 4687. (b) 8 & 9 Geo. 6. c. 17.
(c) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

SCHEDULE

The following provisions as to holidays and holiday remuneration shall be substituted for the provisions as to holidays and holiday remuneration set out in Order W.M. (46).

PART I

APPLICATION

Paragraph 1

(1) This Schedule applies to every worker (other than a homeworker) for whom statutory minimum remuneration has been fixed.

(2) For the purposes of this Schedule a homeworker is a worker who works in his own home or in any other place not under the control or management of the employer.

PART II

CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 2

(1) An employer shall allow to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies a holiday (hereinafter in this Schedule referred to as a "customary holiday") in each year on the days specified in the following sub-paragraph, provided that the worker has been in his employment for a period of not less than eight weeks immediately preceding the customary holiday and has worked for the employer during the whole or part of that period and is in his employment on the day of the customary holiday.

(2) The said customary holidays are:—

(*a*) (i) In England and Wales—

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such week-day as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday and August Bank Holiday;

(ii) In Scotland—

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday);

the local Spring holiday;

the local Autumn holiday; and

three other days (being days on which the worker normally works for the employer) in the course of a calendar year to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

or (*b*) in the case of each of the said days a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day.

(3) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph, an employer may (except where in the case of a woman or young person such a requirement would be unlawful) require a worker who is otherwise entitled to any customary holiday under the foregoing provisions of this Schedule to work thereon and, in lieu of any such holiday on which he so works for the employer, the worker shall be entitled to be allowed a day's holiday (hereinafter in this Schedule referred to as a "holiday in lieu of a customary holiday") on a week-day within the period of four weeks next ensuing.

(4) A worker who is required to work on a customary holiday shall be paid:—

(*a*) for all time worked thereon at the minimum rate then appropriate to the worker for work on a customary holiday; and

(*b*) in respect of the holiday in lieu of the customary holiday, holiday remuneration in accordance with paragraph 6 of this Schedule.

PART III

ANNUAL HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 3

(1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph and of paragraph 4 of this Schedule, in addition to the holidays specified in Part II of this Schedule, an employer shall *between the date on which the provisions of this Schedule become effective* and the 30th day of September, 1952, and in each succeeding year between the *6th day of April* and the 30th day of September allow a holiday (hereinafter in this Schedule referred to as an "annual holiday") to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies, who has been employed by him during the twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season in that year for any one of the periods of employment (calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Schedule) set out in the appropriate column of the table below, and the duration of the annual holiday shall in the case of each such worker be related to that period as follows:—

Workers with a normal working week of 6 days

Period of employment	Duration of annual holiday
Not less than 48 weeks	12 days
,, ,, ,, 44 ,, but less than 48 weeks	11 ,,
,, ,, ,, 40 ,, ,, ,, ,, 44 ,, ...	10 ,,
,, ,, ,, 36 ,, ,, ,, ,, 40 ,, ...	9 ,,
,, ,, ,, 32 ,, ,, ,, ,, 36 ,, ...	8 ,,
,, ,, ,, 28 ,, ,, ,, ,, 32 ,, ...	7 ,,
,, ,, ,, 24 ,, ,, ,, ,, 28 ,, ...	6 ,,
,, ,, ,, 20 ,, ,, ,, ,, 24 ,, ...	5 ,,
,, ,, ,, 16 ,, ,, ,, ,, 20 ,, ...	4 ,,
,, ,, ,, 12 ,, ,, ,, ,, 16 ,, ...	3 ,,
,, ,, ,, 8 ,, ,, ,, ,, 12 ,, ...	2 ,,
,, ,, ,, 4 ,, ,, ,, ,, 8 ,, ...	1 day

Workers with a normal working week of 5 days or less

Period of employment	Duration of annual holiday
Not less than 48 weeks	10 days
,, ,, ,, 43 ,, but less than 48 weeks	9 ,,
,, ,, ,, 38 ,, ,, ,, ,, 43 ,, ...	8 ,,
,, ,, ,, 33 ,, ,, ,, ,, 38 ,, ...	7 ,,
,, ,, ,, 28 ,, ,, ,, ,, 33 ,, ...	6 ,,
,, ,, ,, 24 ,, ,, ,, ,, 28 ,, ...	5 ,,
,, ,, ,, 19 ,, ,, ,, ,, 24 ,, ...	4 ,,
,, ,, ,, 14 ,, ,, ,, ,, 19 ,, ...	3 ,,
,, ,, ,, 9 ,, ,, ,, ,, 14 ,, ...	2 ,,
,, ,, ,, 4 ,, ,, ,, ,, 9 ,, ...	1 day

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the last foregoing sub-paragraph:—

(*a*) the number of days of annual holiday which an employer is required to allow to a worker in any holiday season shall not exceed in the aggregate twice the number of days constituting the worker's normal working week;

(*b*) where before the 17*th September* in any holiday season a worker and his employer enter into an agreement in writing that the worker shall be allowed after the end of the holiday season and *before the 6th April next following*, the annual holiday, or any part thereof, for which he has qualified under this paragraph, any such days of annual holiday may, subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Schedule, be allowed in accordance with the agreement and if so allowed shall be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as having been allowed during the holiday season;

(*c*) *the duration of the worker's annual holiday during the holiday season ending on the 30th day of September,* 1952, *shall be reduced by any days of holiday with pay (not being days of customary holiday) which have been allowed to him by the employer between the commencement of the holiday season in the year* 1952 *and the date on which this Schedule becomes effective.*

(3) In this Schedule the expression "holiday season" means in relation to an annual holiday during the year 1952 the period commencing on the 6*th day of April,* 1952, and ending on the 30th day of September, 1952, and in relation to each subsequent year, the period commencing on the 6*th day of April* and ending on the 30th day of September in that year.

Paragraph 4

(1) Annual holidays under this Schedule shall be allowed on consecutive working days and days of holiday shall be treated as consecutive notwithstanding that a customary holiday on which the worker is not required to work, or a holiday in lieu of a customary holiday, intervenes.

Provided that—

(*a*) where the duration of an annual holiday for which a worker has qualified exceeds the period constituting the worker's normal working week the said holiday may be allowed in two separate periods of such consecutive working days if one of such periods is not less than the number of days constituting his normal working week;

(*b*) one day of the annual holiday may be allowed on a non-consecutive working day (other than the worker's weekly short day) falling within the holiday season (or after the holiday season in the circumstances specified in sub-paragraph (2) (*b*) of paragraph 3 of this Schedule) where the said annual holiday or, as the case may be, such separate period, is allowed immediately after a customary holiday or so that a customary holiday intervenes.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, any day of annual holiday under this Schedule may be allowed on a day on which the worker is entitled to a day of holiday or to a half-holiday under any enactment other than the Wages Councils Act, 1945.

Paragraph 5

An employer shall give to a worker reasonable notice of the commencing date or dates and of the duration of his annual holiday. Such notice may be given individually to the worker or by the posting of a notice in the place where the worker is employed.

PART IV

HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

A—CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAYS IN LIEU OF CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 6

(1) For each day of holiday (including a holiday falling on a Saturday) to which a worker is entitled under Part II of this Schedule he shall be paid by the employer as holiday remuneration *whichever of the following amounts is the greater:—*

(a) one-fifth of the average weekly earnings of the worker during the twelve months ended on the 5th April immediately preceding the holiday, such average weekly earnings to be determined by dividing, by the number of weeks of employment with the employer during the said period, the total remuneration paid to him by the employer during that period;

Provided that when Good Friday or Easter Monday in England and Wales or the local Spring holiday in Scotland (or days substituted therefor under the provisions of sub-paragraph 2 (b) of paragraph 2 of this Schedule or holidays in lieu of such customary holidays) fall after 5th April in any year, the holiday remuneration for any such holiday under this sub-paragraph shall be one-fifth of the average weekly earnings of the worker during the twelve months ended on the 5th April in the preceding calendar year;

or, (*b*) the appropriate statutory minimum remuneration to which he would have been entitled as a time worker if the day had not been a day of holiday and he had been employed on work for which statutory minimum remuneration is payable:—

(i) in the case of a worker normally employed for more than 30 hours a week, for 8¼ hours, or

(ii) in the case of a worker normally employed for 30 hours a week or less, for 4¼ hours.

(2) *Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-paragraph* (1) *of this paragraph, payment of the said holiday remuneration is subject to the condition that the worker (unless excused by the employer or absent by reason of the proved illness of, or accident to, the worker) presents himself for employment at the usual starting hour on the first working day following the holiday.*

Provided that when two customary holidays occur on successive days (or so that no working day intervenes) the said condition shall apply only to the second customary holiday.

(3) Where a worker normally works in the week on every week-day except Saturday, he shall be paid in respect of any Saturday on which he would have been entitled to a holiday under Part II of this Schedule if it had been a day on which he normally worked, a sum equivalent to the holiday remuneration he would have been entitled to receive had he been allowed a holiday on that day.

(4) Holiday remuneration in respect of any customary holiday shall be paid by the employer to the worker on the pay-day on which the wages for the *first working day following the customary holiday are paid.*

(5) Holiday remuneration in respect of any holiday in lieu of a customary holiday shall be paid on the pay-day on which the wages are paid for the *first working day following the holiday in lieu of a customary holiday.* Provided that the said payment shall be made immediately upon the termination of the worker's employment if he ceases to be employed before being allowed such holiday in lieu of a customary holiday *and in that case the conditions specified in sub-paragraph* (2) *of this paragraph shall not apply.*

B—ANNUAL HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 7

(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Schedule, a worker qualified to be allowed an annual holiday under this Schedule shall be paid as holiday remuneration by his employer in respect thereof, on the last pay-day preceding such annual holiday, *whichever of the following amounts is the greater:—*

(*a*) *an amount equal to two fifty-seconds of the total remuneration paid by the employer to the worker during the twelve months ended on the 5th April immediately preceding the holiday;* or

(*b*) holiday remuneration in accordance with the following table:—

TABLE OF HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

Column 1	Column 2			Column 3
Period of annual holiday	Holiday remuneration for workers with a normal working week of:—			
	Six days	Five days	Four days or less	
12 days	Twice the amount in Col. 3.	—	—	The amount which the worker would be entitled to receive from his employer, at the date of the holiday, for a week's work, if working his normal working week and the number of daily hours usually worked by him (exclusive of overtime) and if paid *as a time worker* at the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time work, fixed by a wages regulation order in respect of the worker, for work to which that order applies and at the same rate for work (if any) to which that order does not apply.
11 „	One and five-sixths times the amount in Col. 3.	—	—	
10 „	One and two-thirds times the amount in Col. 3.	Twice the amount in Col. 3.	—	
9 „	One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3.	One and four-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	—	
8 „	One and one-third times the amount in Col. 3.	One and three-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	Twice the amount in Col. 3.	
7 „	One and one-sixth times the amount in Col. 3.	One and two-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	One and three-quarters times the amount in Col. 3.	
6 „	The amount in Col. 3.	One and one-fifth times the amount in Col. 3.	One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3.	
5 „	Five-sixths of the amount in Col. 3.	The amount in Col. 3.	One and one-quarter times the amount in Col. 3.	
4 „	Two-thirds of the amount in Col. 3.	Four-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	The amount in Col. 3.	
3 „	One-half of the amount in Col. 3.	Three-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	Three-quarters of the amount in Col. 3.	
2 „	One-third of the amount in Col. 3.	Two-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	One-half of the amount in Col. 3.	
1 day	One-sixth of the amount in Col. 3.	One-fifth of the amount in Col. 3.	One-quarter of the amount in Col. 3.	

(2) Where, under the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Schedule, an annual holiday is allowed in more than one period the holiday remuneration shall be apportioned accordingly.

Paragraph 8

Where any accrued holiday remuneration has been paid by the employer to the worker (in accordance with paragraph 9 of this Schedule or under the provisions of Order W.M. (46)) in respect of employment during any of the periods referred to in that paragraph or that Order, the amount of holiday remuneration payable by the employer in respect of any annual holiday for which the worker has qualified by reason of employment during the said period shall be reduced by the amount of the said accrued holiday remuneration unless that remuneration has been deducted from a previous payment of holiday remuneration made under the provisions of this Schedule or of Order W.M. (46).

ACCRUED HOLIDAY REMUNERATION PAYABLE ON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Paragraph 9

(1) Where a worker ceases to be employed by an employer after the provisions of this Schedule become effective, the employer shall, immediately on the termination of the employment, pay to the worker accrued holiday remuneration in accordance with this paragraph.

(2) Accrued holiday remuneration shall be payable in accordance with the following table if the worker has in the 12 months commencing on *6th April*, 1951, and thereafter in any period of 12 months commencing on *6th April* been employed for any of the periods of employment specified in that table.

(3) Accrued holiday remuneration is not payable in respect of any period of employment for which the worker has been allowed or become entitled to be allowed an annual holiday under this Schedule.

(4) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (5) hereof, where a worker has been allowed in a holiday season part only of the annual holiday for which he has qualified under this Schedule or under Order W.M. (46) and his employment is terminated before he becomes entitled to the rest of that holiday the accrued holiday remuneration payable shall be the appropriate amount under the following table in respect of the qualifying period of employment less the amount received by the worker in respect of that part of the holiday which has been allowed.

(5) Any accrued holiday remuneration payable under the provisions of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of any accrued holiday remuneration already paid by the employer to the worker in pursuance of this Order or Order W.M. (46) in respect of the same period of employment or part thereof.

TABLE OF ACCRUED HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

Column 1 — Workers with a normal working week of 6 days		Column 2 — Workers with a normal working week of 5 days or less		Column 3
Period of employment	Accrued holiday remuneration	Period of employment	Accrued holiday remuneration	
After 48 weeks' employment calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Schedule.	Twice the amount in Col. 3.	After 48 weeks' employment calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Schedule.	Twice the amount in Col. 3.	The amount which the worker would be entitled to receive from his employer, at the date of the termination of his employment, for a week's work, if working his normal working week and the number of daily hours usually worked by him (exclusive of overtime) and if paid *as a time worker* at the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time work, fixed by a wages regulation order in respect of the worker, for work to which that order applies and at the same rate for work (if any) to which that order does not apply.
After 44 weeks' such employment.	One and five-sixths times the amount in Col. 3.	After 43 weeks' such employment.	One and four-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	
After 40 weeks' such employment.	One and two-thirds times the amount in Col. 3.	After 38 weeks' such employment.	One and three-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	
After 36 weeks' such employment.	One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3.	After 33 weeks' such employment.	One and two-fifths times the amount in Col. 3.	
After 32 weeks' such employment.	One and one-third times the amount in Col. 3.	After 28 weeks' such employment.	One and one-fifth times the amount in Col. 3.	
After 28 weeks' such employment.	One and one-sixth times the amount in Col. 3.	After 24 weeks' such employment.	The amount in Col. 3.	
After 24 weeks' such employment.	The amount in Col. 3.	After 19 weeks' such employment.	Four-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	
After 20 weeks' such employment.	Five-sixths of the amount in Col. 3.	After 14 weeks' such employment.	Three-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	
After 16 weeks' such employment.	Two-thirds of the amount in Col. 3.	After 9 weeks' such employment.	Two-fifths of the amount in Col. 3.	
After 12 weeks' such employment.	One-half of the amount in Col. 3.	After 4 weeks' such employment.	One-fifth of the amount in Col. 3.	
After 8 weeks' such employment.	One-third of the amount in Col. 3.	—	—	
After 4 weeks' such employment.	One-sixth of the amount in Col. 3.	—	—	

(6) *Notwithstanding the provisions of the foregoing table, the accrued holiday remuneration payable to a worker who has been employed by the employer for the whole of the twelve months ended on the 5th April immediately preceding the termination of his employment shall be as follows:—*

(*a*) *in respect of the twelve months ended on the 5th April preceding the termination of his employment, whichever of the following amounts is the greater—*

(*i*) *an amount equal to two fifty-seconds of the total remuneration paid by the employer to the worker during that period; or*

(*ii*) *the amount calculated in accordance with the foregoing table in this paragraph; and*

(*b*) *in respect of any period of employment after such 5th April, the amount calculated in accordance with the foregoing table in this paragraph.*

PART V

GENERAL

Paragraph 10

For the purpose of calculating any period of employment qualifying a worker for an annual holiday or for any accrued holiday remuneration under this Schedule, the worker shall be treated—

(1) as if he were employed for a week in respect of any week in which—

(*a*) in the case of a worker *other than a part-time worker*, he has worked for the employer for not less than twenty hours and has performed some work for which statutory minimum remuneration is payable;

(*b*) *in the case of a part-time worker, he has worked for the employer and has performed some work for which statutory minimum remuneration is payable;*

(*c*) in the case of any worker—

(i) *he has worked for the employer for less than twenty hours by reason of the proved illness of, or accident to, the worker* or for a like reason has been absent throughout the week (provided that the number of weeks which may be treated as weeks of employment for such reason shall not exceed four in the aggregate in any such period); or

(ii) he has been suspended throughout the week owing to shortage of work (provided that the number of weeks which may be treated as weeks of employment for such reason shall not exceed six in the aggregate in any such period);

(2) as if he were employed on any day of holiday with pay referred to in sub-paragraph (2) (*c*) of paragraph 3 of this Schedule and on any day of holiday allowed under the provisions of this Schedule, or of Order W.M. (46), and for the purposes of the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, a worker who is absent on such a holiday shall be treated as having worked thereon for the employer on work for which statutory minimum remuneration is payable,

(*a*) where the holiday is a customary holiday, or a holiday in lieu of a customary holiday, for 8¼ hours if the worker is normally employed for more than 30 hours a week or for 4¼ hours if he is normally employed for 30 hours a week or less, or

(*b*) where the holiday is a day of annual holiday or any other day of holiday with pay, for the number of hours ordinarily worked by him on that day of the week.

Paragraph 11

In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say:—

"NORMAL WORKING WEEK" means the number of days on which it has been usual for the worker to work in a week in the employment of the employer in the twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season or, where under paragraph 9 of this Schedule accrued holiday remuneration is payable on the termination of the employment, in the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the termination of the employment.

Provided that—

(i) part of a day shall count as a day;

(ii) no account shall be taken of any week in which the worker did not perform any work for which statutory minimum remuneration has been fixed.

"*PART-TIME WORKER*" *means a worker who normally works for the employer for less than twenty hours a week by reason only of the fact that he does not hold himself out as normally available for work for more than the number of hours he normally works in the week.*

"STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION" means minimum remuneration (other than holiday remuneration) fixed by a wages regulation order.

"*WAGES REGULATION ORDER*" *means a wages regulation order made by the Minister to give effect to proposals submitted to him by the Council.*

"WEEK" means "pay week".

Paragraph 12

The provisions of this Schedule are without prejudice to any agreement for the allowance of any further holidays with pay or for the payment of additional holiday remuneration.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order, which has effect from the 23rd May, 1952, sets out the holidays which an employer is required to allow to workers and the remuneration payable to such workers for those holidays, in substitution for the holidays and holiday remuneration fixed by the Wholesale Mantle and Costume Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1949, (Order W.M. (46)), which is revoked.

New provisions in the Schedule are printed in italics.

WATER, ENGLAND

1952 No. 773

The Water (Interest on Deposits) (Revocation) Regulations, 1952

Made - - - -	10*th April*, 1952
Laid before Parliament	16*th April*, 1952
Coming into Operation	21*st April*, 1952

The Minister of Housing and Local Government, in exercise of his powers under section 51 of the Water Act, 1945(a), and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following regulations:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Water (Interest on Deposits) (Revocation) Regulations, 1952, and shall come into operation on the twenty-first day of April, 1952.

2. The Interpretation Act, 1889(b), applies to the interpretation of these regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

(a) 8 & 9 Geo. 6. c. 42.

(b) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.